

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

PREPARED BY:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA



TABLE OF CONTENTS

June 30, 2006

INTRODUCTORY SECTION
Table of contents
Letter of transmittal.
City organizational chart
City officials
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
FINANCIAL SECTION
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Government-wide financial statements
Statement of net assets
Statement of activities
Fund financial statements
Balance sheet – governmental funds
Reconciliation of the balance sheet of the governmental funds to the statement of net assets
Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental funds
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of
governmental funds to the statement of activities
Statement of net assets – proprietary funds
Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets – proprietary funds
Statement of cash flows – proprietary funds
Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities
Notes to financial statements
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Budgetary comparison schedule – budget and actual – all governmental funds and enterprise
funds – budgetary basis
Budgetary comparison schedule – budget to GAAP reconciliation
Note to required supplementary information – budgetary reporting
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS
Combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – nonmajor
governmental funds
Combining statement of net assets – nonmajor enterprise funds
Combining statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets – nonmajor
enterprise funds
Combining statement of cash flows – nonmajor enterprise funds
Combining statement of net assets – internal service funds
Combining statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets – internal service
funds
Combining statement of cash flows – internal service funds
Combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds

TABLE OF CONTENTS

June 30, 2006

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
Net assets by component
Changes in net assets
Fund balances – governmental funds
Changes in fund balances – governmental funds
General government tax revenues by source
Assessed and taxable value of property
Property tax rates – direct and overlapping governments
Property tax budgets and collections
Principal taxpayers
Ratios of outstanding debt by type
Ratios of general obligation bonded debt to assessed value and net bonded debt per capita
Ratio of annual debt service expenditures for general bonded debt to total general governmental expenditures
Computation of direct and overlapping debt
Legal debt margin information
General obligation debt annual maturity schedule
Schedule of revenue bond coverage
Revenue debt annual maturity schedule
Demographic and economic statistics
Principal employers
Full-time equivalent city government employees by function
Operating indicators by function
Capital assets by function
COMPLIANCE SECTION
Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based or
an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal
control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Schedule of expenditures of federal awards
Notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards
Schedule of findings and questioned costs



November 28, 2006

To the Citizens, Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and City Manager City of Iowa City, Iowa

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Iowa City, Iowa (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 is submitted herewith in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa. The City's Finance Department prepared this report. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the City. I believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the City of Iowa City. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The CAFR reflects all funds of the City in accordance with standards set by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In 1999, GASB adopted Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments*. The final effective date for the implementation of GASB No. 34 for the City of Iowa City was June 30, 2003. This report complies with those standards. This statement significantly changes governmental financial reporting in order to bring it closer to a private sector model.

To facilitate an understanding of the City's financial affairs, this report is organized into four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance. The introductory section contains the table of contents, listing of City officials, an organizational chart and this letter of transmittal. The financial section contains the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The statistical section contains comprehensive statistical data that is intended to provide a broader and more complete understanding of the financial and economic trends of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of State and Local Governments. Information related to this

single audit, including the schedules of federal financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and independent auditors' reports on the internal accounting and administrative controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City of Iowa City's financial statements have been audited by Eide Bailly, LLP of Dubuque, Iowa, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2006 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement preparation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Iowa City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended, June 30, 2006, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Profile of the Government

The City of Iowa City was incorporated April 6, 1853. The City is governed by a seven member Council; each member serves a four-year term. Elections are held every two years allowing for continuation in office of at least three members at each biennial election. The Council members are elected at large, but three members are nominated from specific districts, and the four other members are nominated at large. The Council elects the Mayor from its own members for a two-year term.

The City Council is the legislative body and makes all policy determinations for the City through the enactment of ordinances and resolutions. It also adopts a budget to determine how the City will obtain and spend its funds. The Council appoints members of boards, commissions and committees.

The City Manager is the chief administrative officer for the City and is appointed by the City Council. The City Manager implements policy decisions of the City Council and enforces City ordinances. In addition, the City Manager appoints and directly supervises the directors of the City's operating departments and supervises the administration of the City's personnel system. He supervises 537 full-time and 88 permanent part-time municipal employees and 492 temporary employees including a police force of 70 sworn personnel and a fire department of 55 firefighters. The City owns and operates its water supply and distribution system and sewage collection and treatment system with secondary treatment also provided. Virtually the entire City has separate storm and sanitary sewer systems. The City operates a municipal off-street and on-street parking system in the downtown area. Since 1971, the City has operated a transit system.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager in October. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the Council for review in

December. The Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than March 15. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., Public Safety), and department (e.g., Police).

The City adopts a three-year financial plan that includes both operations and capital improvements. This three-year plan permits a more comprehensive review of the City's financial condition, allowing analysis of the current and future needs and requirements. During preparation of the plan, careful review is made of property tax levy rates, utility and user fee requirements, ending cash balances by fund, debt service obligations, bond financing needs, capital outlay for equipment purchases and major capital improvement projects. The state requires at least a one-year operating budget. While legal spending control is exercised at a state mandated function level, management control is set at the Department Manager level. Encumbrance accounting is utilized in all funds for budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end for the governmental fund types are reflected as reservations of the fund balances. Appropriations that are not encumbered lapse at the end of the year.

Information useful in assessing the government's economic condition

The City's economic strength is based upon education, medical services, and diversified manufacturing. The University of Iowa is the City's largest employer with over 23,900 employees and the University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics is the largest university-owned teaching medical center in the United States. The City also has a significant number of private employers who have a history of providing stable and increasing employment in the community. The relative stability of the University of Iowa, coupled with the City's multi-sector base of industrial and commercial interests, will continue to help insulate the City from the significant negative economic impacts related to unemployment.

The City continues to see sustained production in our major local industries, such as ACT, Proctor & Gamble, and Pearson. Continued economic development efforts involving the Iowa City and Coralville Chambers of Commerce, local private interests, the University of Iowa and other surrounding communities through participation as members of the Iowa City Area Development Group, have proved positive with the retention and expansion of businesses. In addition, the corridor between Iowa City and Cedar Rapids has been identified as one of the major growth areas for new business development in the State of Iowa. Continued developments within Iowa City and the region have a favorable impact upon the City's economy.

There have been improvements in the budget challenges faced by the State of Iowa, however, the City's economy as a whole continues to grow. The major employers have been able to maintain their workforce size. The unemployment rate for Johnson County continues to remain low at between 2.3% and 2.9%. The City has consistently experienced modest increases in assessed property valuations. New housing construction continues to be relatively strong with 160 new single-family houses and 203 multi-family units added to the tax rolls for the year ended December 31, 2005. This, along with the low unemployment rate, continues to be indicative of the City's economic well being.

The 2000 census population of Iowa City was 62,220. After further review by the United Census Bureau, the population was revised to 62,380 in 2002. This represents a 4.42% increase over the 1990 population of 59,738.

In preparing the financial plan for the three years ending June 30, 2009, the process of budget balancing has again been most difficult. With the continued tax limitations imposed by the state (specifically the residential rollback factor) and other federal and state regulations and mandates,

the municipal service needs for our growing community are becoming increasingly difficult to satisfy.

In balancing the budget for the three-year period, the City attempted to maintain service levels, wherever practical. In addition, our planning has been directed at maintaining our current fiscal strength and avoiding any erosion of that fiscal position, including the City's Aaa bond rating.

A continuing major objective in the three-year financial plan is to maintain or increase the City's cash reserve position. In addition, procedures were adopted to allocate unreserved fund balances between the contingency and undesignated fund balances. The contingency fund is available during the fiscal year for unanticipated and unbudgeted expenditures, while the undesignated fund balance is intended to be maintained as working capital. The City is committed to drawing from the undesignated fund balance only in emergency situations. This unreserved fund balance allocation along with specific budgeting techniques has allowed the City to increase or maintain fund balances over the past year.

The City continues to pursue cooperative efforts with other local governments. Joint funding, purchasing, planning and other efforts allow the City to meet mandates for new and improved services in the future at the most reasonable cost. Joint cooperation currently encompasses regional transportation planning, human services, solid waste management planning, a hazardous materials response program, an enhanced 911 emergency communications system, community relations, joint operation of an animal control facility, joint operation of an indoor swimming pool facility, and joint economic development efforts. While such cooperative efforts are not new in concept, the City expects to enter into more agreements with neighboring governmental subdivisions, as well as with the University of Iowa.

There are many signs that the City remains healthy and vibrant with great promise for the future. The University of Iowa continues to add new buildings and facilities. The City continues to see sustained production in major local industries. Industrial and commercial interests within the community have continued to thrive.

The City will be challenged during the next couple of years to maintain its vitality through greater economic development efforts, fiscal restraint in local government, and continued cooperation among local government officials. We are confident that the City is positioning itself to better meet the needs of the community in the future through more effective long-term financial planning, and increased financial strength and stability of the City. The City Council and its staff are committed to managing the City's destiny well into the future.

Major Initiatives

The City continues to be proactive in maintaining and building its streets, bridges, storm water mains, and trail systems and spent approximately \$10.7 million in fiscal year 2006 on various projects. The major projects were the widening of US Highway 6 from Lakeside Drive to the eastern city limits, including traffic controls; construction of Camp Cardinal Boulevard, an arterial street connecting western Iowa City to Coralville; widening State Highway 1(North Dodge Street) to Interstate 80; and renovation of the Iowa River Dam and Pedestrian Bridge.

Construction continued on Phase 1 of the Mormon Trek Boulevard Extension, a three phase project to construct a southern arterial linking western and eastern sides of the City. Phase 1 began in FY02 with design costs, continued with land acquisition in FY03 and construction work concluding in FY06. Cost of Phase 1 was \$3.7 million. Phase 2 of the Mormon Trek Boulevard Extension is

construction of a box culvert and the closing of an airport runway. Estimated cost of Phase 2 will be \$3.6 million. Phase 3 will be the construction of McCollister Road and a bridge spanning the Iowa River. Estimated costs of Phase 3 are \$7 million. When all phases are completed, the roadway will serve a combination of through and local traffic needs. Estimated costs for the entire project total \$14.3 million with \$6 million in federal funding.

The Iowa City Housing Authority provides rental assistance for 1100 units, with an annual contribution contract with the Federal Government of \$6.4 million. Community Development Block Grant and HOME Community Development Block Grant and Home Investment Partnership funds totaling approximately \$2.039 million were utilized for economic development, housing, public services and facilities, and planning activities during fiscal year 2006. The CDBG and HOME funds also leveraged approximately \$1.7 million in other funds. These programs provide for broad based financial impacts locally for builders, developers, and others.

Financial Information

Single Audit: As a recipient of federal financial assistance, the City is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. These internal accounting and administrative controls are subject to periodic evaluation by the City's management.

The results of the City's single audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal controls or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations based upon the audit of the basic financial statements.

Retirement Plans: With the exception of police and fire employees, substantially all permanent City employees are covered by the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS). The state annually sets the contribution rate for all municipal entities and covered employees. All covered employees are required to contribute 3.7% of their salary, while employers contribute 5.75%. There is no allocation or measurement of unfunded liability to any municipal entity and, upon the retirement of employees, IPERS has the sole responsibility for their benefits. The City has no responsibility to pay employee pension benefits of IPERS besides the required contribution.

The City's police and fire employees are covered by the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI). This statewide system is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The state annually sets the contribution rate for all municipal entities and employees. The City has no responsibility to pay employee pension benefits of MFPRSI besides the required contribution.

Cash Management: The majority of the City's investment activity is carried on by the City's investment pool, except for those funds which are required to maintain their investments separately. This pooled concept provides for greater investment earnings that are then allocated to the City's funds on a systematic basis.

The intention of the cash management system is to limit the amount of funds placed in accounts where low or no interest is paid. Idle cash is invested in various instruments with various maturity dates of less than one year, depending on the anticipated cash requirements during the period.

The overall strategy of holding deposits and making investments is to expose the City to a minimum amount of credit risk and market risk. All bank balances of deposits as of the balance sheet date are

entirely insured or collateralized with securities held by the State of Iowa Sinking Fund.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City earned \$5,253,000 from all investments, an increase of \$1,906,000 from the prior year. The following table shows how this was allocated by fund type for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005:

Fund Type	Inv <u>E</u> a	2006 estment arnings nousands)	2005 Investment <u>Earnings</u> (in thousands)			
Governmental	\$	2,678	\$	1,576		
Proprietary		2,575		1,771		
Totals	\$	5,253	\$	3,347		

Risk Management: The City is exposed to a variety of accidental losses and has established a risk management strategy that attempts to minimize losses and the carrying cost of insurance.

Risk control techniques have been established to reasonably ensure that the City's employees are aware of their responsibilities regarding loss exposures related to their duties. In a similar manner, risk control techniques have been established to reduce possible losses to property owned by or under the control of the City. Furthermore, supervisory personnel are held responsible for monitoring risk control techniques on an operational basis. The City completed its sixteenth year under a property and liability insurance program that provides for a \$100,000 self-insured retention per occurrence on property losses, a \$500,000 self-insured retention per occurrence on liability, and a \$400,000 self-insured retention on workers' compensation losses. The insurance provides coverage for claims in excess of the aforementioned self-insured retention up to a maximum of \$19,000,000 annual aggregate of the losses paid. The operating funds pay annual premiums to the Loss Reserve Fund, which is accounted for as an internal service fund. The balance in the Loss Reserve Fund is available to cover the self-insured retention amounts and any uninsured losses. The total assets in the Loss Reserve Fund as of June 30, 2006 were \$5,150,000.

Independent Audit: Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa requires an annual audit to be performed. The independent public accounting firm of Eide Bailly LLP was selected by the City. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in Chapter 11, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The independent auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the compliance section of this report.

The financial statements are the responsibility of the City. The responsibility of the certified public accountants is to express an opinion on the City's financial statements based on their audit. An audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that the audit be planned and performed in a manner to obtain a reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting (the Certificate) to the City of Iowa City, Iowa for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30,

2005. The Certificate is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local financial reporting.

In order to be awarded the Certificate, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received the Certificate for the last twenty-one consecutive years. I believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate requirements and am submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Responsibility and Acknowledgments

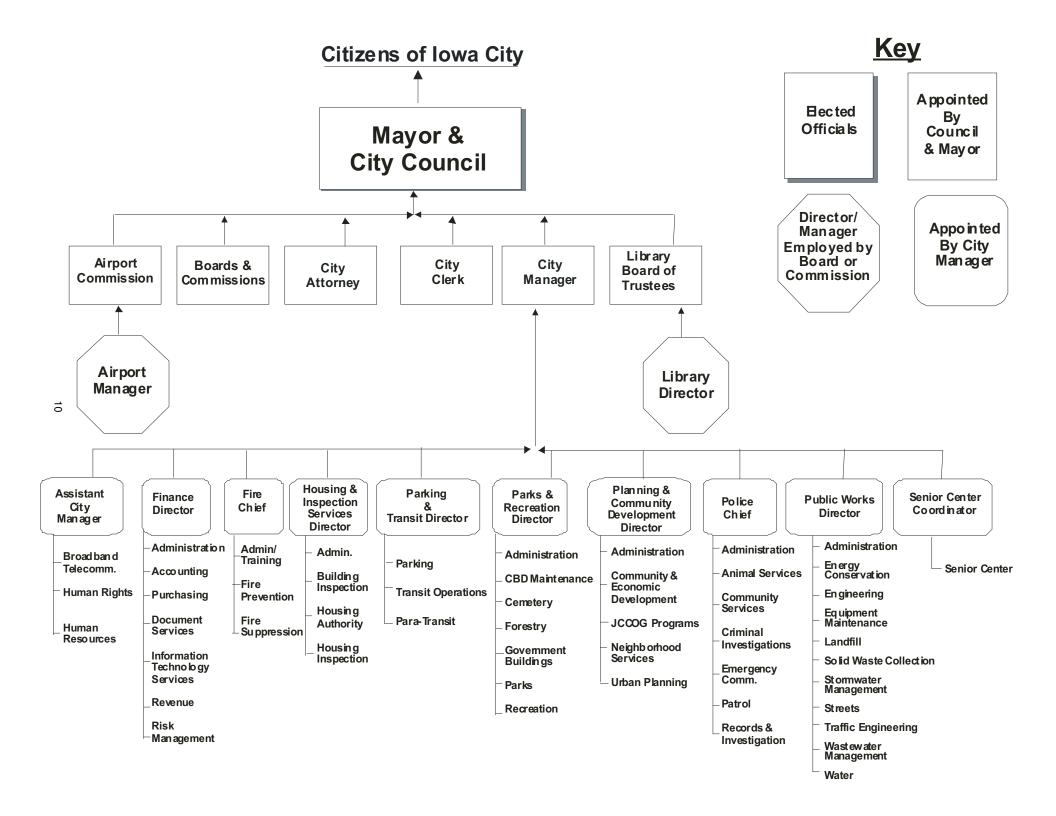
The Department of Finance prepared the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Iowa City, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The City Council, as required by law, is responsible for the complete and accurate preparation of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. I believe that the information presented is accurate in all material respects and that this report fairly presents the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the City's Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I want to especially recognize the contributions of the City's Controller, Robin Marshall, Assistant Controller, Sara Sproule, Senior Accountant, Esther Rusch, and Internal Auditor, Nicole Heinricy Schmitz.

Also, I thank the Mayor, members of the City Council and the City Manager for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a dedicated, responsible, and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin O'Malley Director of Finance



LISTING OF CITY OFFICIALS

June 30, 2006

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Term Expires

Mayor	Ross Wilburn	January 1, 2008
Council Member and Mayor Pro tem	Regenia Bailey	January 1, 2008
Council Member	Connie Champion	January 1, 2010
Council Member	Amy Correia	January 1, 2010
Council Member	Bob Elliott	January 1, 2008
Council Member	Mike O'Donnell	January 1, 2010
Council Member	Dee Vanderhoef	January 1, 2008

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

		Date of Hire
City Manager City Clerk	Stephen J. Atkins Marian K. Karr	July 20, 1986 May 21, 1979
City Attorney	Eleanor Dilkes	March 18, 1996

DEPARTMENT DIRECTORS

Assistant City Manager	Dale E. Helling	August 16, 1975
Director of Housing and Inspection Services	Douglas W. Boothroy	September 22, 1975
Library Director	Susan Craig	July 28, 1975
Director of Planning & Community Development	Karin Franklin	May 19, 1980
Director of Public Works	Rick Fosse	February 22, 1984
Director of Parking and Transit	Joseph Fowler	January 2, 1970
Senior Center Coordinator	Linda Kopping	March 20, 1995
Fire Chief	Andrew Rocca	July 14, 1978
Parks and Recreation Director	Terry G. Trueblood	February 18, 1986
Director of Finance	Kevin O'Malley	August 19, 1985
Chief of Police	Sam Hargadine	August 29, 2005

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Iowa City

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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President

Executive Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Iowa City, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Iowa City. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Iowa City, Iowa. The introductory section, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Iowa City, Iowa. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Dubuque, Iowa

November 16, 2006

Esde Sailly LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Iowa City, we present this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This narrative is intended to be used in conjunction with additional information that is included in the letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-9 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Iowa City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006 by \$326,922,000 (net assets). Of this amount, \$53,815,000 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$14,773,000 during the fiscal year. Governmental activities increased by \$7,372,000 and business-type activities increased by \$7,401,000.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$31,953,000, a decrease of \$1,564,000 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, approximately \$27,066,000, or 85% was unreserved and is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the General Fund was \$16,551,000, or 38% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total debt decreased by \$5,245,000, during the current fiscal year. The key factor to this decrease was the retirement of bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include Public Safety, Public Works (roads, traffic controls, and transit), Culture and Recreation, Community and Economic Development, General Government, and Interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include Airport, Cable Television, Housing Authority, Parking, Sanitation, Stormwater Collection, Wastewater Treatment, and Water.

The government-wide financial statements may be found on pages 26 - 29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements and is typically the basis that is used in developing the next annual budget.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison.

The City has five major governmental funds: General Fund, Employee Benefits Fund, Community Development Block Grant Fund, Capital Projects – Bridge, Street, and Traffic Control Construction Fund, and Debt Service Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these major funds. Data from all other non-major governmental funds is combined into a single aggregated presentation and are referenced under a single column as "Other Governmental Funds". Individual fund data on each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds as required by state statute. Budget comparisons have been provided for the Governmental funds and the Enterprise funds, to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 30 - 35 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport, Cable Television, Housing Authority, Parking, Sanitation, Stormwater Collection, Wastewater Treatment, and Water activities. *Internal Service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City has four Internal Service Funds: Equipment Maintenance, Central Services, Loss Reserve, and Information Technology. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Wastewater Treatment, Water, Sanitation, and Housing Authority Funds are considered to be major funds and are reported individually throughout the report. The other 4 non-major enterprise funds are grouped together for reporting purposes and listed under a single heading "Other Enterprise Funds". Detailed information for each of the non-major funds is provided in the combining statements on pages 80 - 82. Individual fund data for the Internal Service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36 - 41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not available to support the City's own programs and therefore are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The City has four fiduciary funds: Project Green, Library Foundation, Parks and Recreation Foundation, and PATV (Public Access Television) which are maintained as agency funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on page 42.

Notes to Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43 - 68 of this report.

Other Information: The combining statements referred to in the above paragraphs in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, and internal service funds are presented immediately following the notes.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$326,922,000 at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net assets reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery and equipment, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure), less any related debt to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Iowa City's Net Assets June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Govern activ			ss-type vities	Total		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Current and other assets	\$ 99,035	\$ 94,332	\$ 87,544	\$ 83,970	\$186,579	\$ 178,302	
Capital assets	150,644	141,282	252,130	254,560	402,774	395,842	
Total Assets	249,679	249,679 235,614		338,530	589,353	574,144	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	80,333	79,122	121,239	126,966	201,572	206,088	
Current and other liabilities	56,440	50,958	4,419	4,949	60,859	55,907	
Total Liabilities	136,773	130,080	125,658	131,915	262,431	261,995	
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, net of							
related debt	95,227	84,768	155,346	150,797	250,573	235,565	
Restricted	6,852	16,973	15,682 15,038		22,534	32,011	
Unrestricted	10,827	3,793	42,988	40,780	53,815	44,573	
Total Net Assets	\$ 112,906	\$ 105,534	\$ 214,016	\$ 206,615	\$326,922	\$ 312,149	

A portion of the City's net assets (6.9% or \$22,534,000) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the unrestricted net assets (16.5% or \$53,815,000) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. At the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$7,372,000. The increase in net assets of governmental activities is primarily due to expenditures for capital assets less depreciation expense.

The following is a more detailed review of FY06's operation.

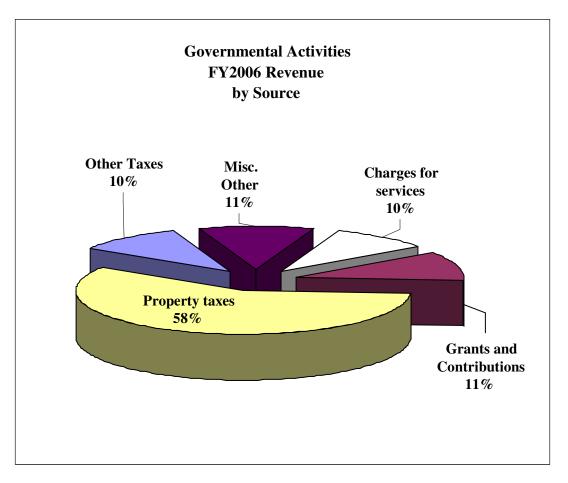
City of Iowa City's Changes in Net Assets

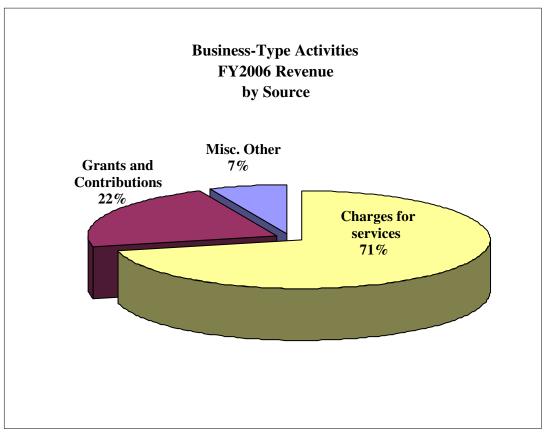
(amounts expressed in thousands)

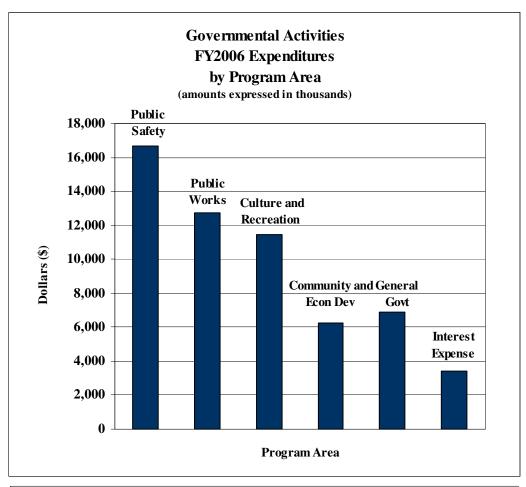
		nmental vities	Busine activ		То	tal	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	Total 2006		
Revenues:	2000	2003	2000	2003	2000	2005	
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 6,296	\$ 6,139	\$ 33,973	\$ 33,647	\$ 40,269	\$ 39,786	
Operating grants and contributions	2,937	2,592	7,417	7,012	10,354	9.604	
Capital grants and contributions	3,849	7,679	3,018	2,387	6,867	10,066	
General Revenues:	3,047	7,077	3,010	2,367	0,007	10,000	
Property taxes	37,770	35,327	_	_	37,770	35,327	
Road use tax	5,303	5,269	_	_	5,303	5,269	
Other taxes	1,240	1,351	_	_	1,240	1,351	
Earnings on investments	2,678	1,576	2,575	1,771	5,253	3,347	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	100	95	185	304	285	399	
Other	4,422	3,994	391	418	4,813	4,412	
Total revenues	64,595	64,022	47,559	45,539	112,154	109,561	
Expenses:							
Public safety	16,690	15,286	_	-	16,690	15,286	
Public works	12,723	11,521	-	-	12,723	11,521	
Culture and recreation	11,458	11,341	-	-	11,458	11,341	
Community and economic development	6,264	6,960	-	-	6,264	6,960	
General government	6,892	6,500	-	-	6,892	6,500	
Interest on long-term debt	3,404	3,602	-	-	3,404	3,602	
Wastewater Treatment	-	-	11,710	12,214	11,710	12,214	
Water	-	-	9,324	8,313	9,324	8,313	
Sanitation	-	-	6,101	6,031	6,101	6,031	
Housing Authority	-	-	7,026	7,466	7,026	7,466	
Parking	-	-	3,884	3,989	3,884	3,989	
Airport	-	-	512	520	512	520	
Stormwater	-	-	817	1,452	817	1,452	
Cable Television			576	607	576	607	
Total expenses	57,431	55,210	39,950	40,592	97,381	95,802	
Change in net assets before transfers Transfers	7,164 208	8,812 645	7,609 (208)	4,947 (645)	14,773	13,759	
Change in net assets	7,372	9,457	7,401	4,302	14,773	13,759	
Net assets beginning of year	105,534	96,077	206,615	202,313	312,149	298,390	
Net assets end of year	\$ 112,906	\$ 105,534	\$ 214,016	\$ 206,615	\$ 326,922	\$ 312,149	

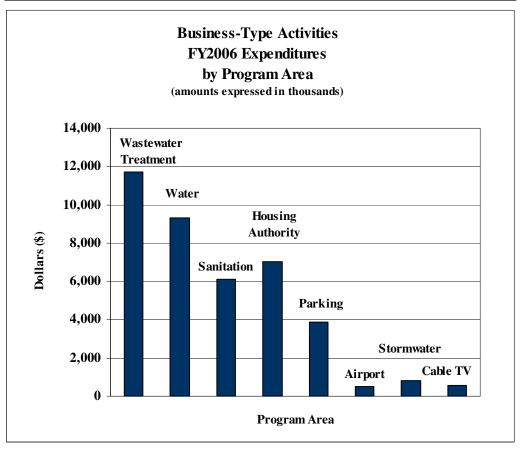
Business-type Activities: Business-type activities increased the City's total assets by \$7,401,000. The increases in net assets were primarily in the Wastewater, Water, and Sanitation funds. For all business-type activities, revenues exceeded expenses by \$7,609,000. This was primarily due to increases in grants and contributions and earnings on investments.

The graphs on the following pages represent a breakdown of revenue by source and expenditures by program area for governmental and business-type activities.









Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The financial reporting focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be/is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$31,953,000, a decrease of \$1,564,000 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$27,066,000 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available to use as working capital for the General Fund since property tax revenues are received only twice a year and the remainder is available to meet the future needs of the City. The remainder of the fund balance (15.3%) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed. This remainder has been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period (\$600,000), 2) to fund various debt service payments (\$2,725,000), and 3) to fund employee retirement commitments (\$1,299,000).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$16,551,000, while General Fund's total fund balance was \$17,121,000. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 38.3% of total General Fund expenditures (\$43,158,000), while total fund balance represents 39.7% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$1,234,000 during the current fiscal year. This was primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue.

The Bridge, Street, and Traffic Control Construction Fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$1,855,000) as compared to a deficit balance of (\$1,210,000) in the prior period. This fund accounts for transactions relating to the acquisition or construction of major streets, bridges, and traffic control facilities. \$20,000 of the fund balance (1.1%) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period. The deficit is due to capital expenditures. The City anticipates receiving funds from the Iowa Department of Transportation. If not, bonds will be issued in 2007 to cover the capital expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund had a fund balance of \$2,725,000, a decrease of \$342,000 from the prior year, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service (i.e. payment of general obligation principal and interest).

Proprietary Funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The ending net assets of the enterprise funds were \$208,152,000, a net asset increase of \$7,398,000. This was primarily due to an increase in the investment of capital assets, net of related debt. Of the enterprise funds' net assets, \$155,346,000 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Unrestricted net assets totaled \$37,124,000, an increase of \$2,205,000 compared to the previous year.

The Internal Service funds showed net assets totaling \$15,646,000 as of June 30, 2006, an increase of \$281,000 from the previous year.

Budgetary Highlights

The City presents budgetary information as allowed by GASB Statement No. 41. Budgets are based on nine functional areas as required by state statute, not by fund or fund type.

The City had two budget amendments during the fiscal year, which is our common practice. These amendments increased the expenditure budget by \$25.4 million to a total of \$188.2 million. This represented a 15.6 percent increase. The major increase was due to capital projects in governmental and business-type funds due to timing of completion of projects.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$402,774,000 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets, including land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, streets, bridges, trails, wastewater and water systems, and other infrastructure represents the value of resources utilized to provide services to its citizens. The City's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 increased by \$9,363,000 for governmental activities compared to the prior year and decreased by \$2,431,000 for business-type activities over the prior year.

The following table reflects the \$402,774,000 investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).

City of Iowa City's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		overnmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total			
	2006		2005		2006		2005		2006		2005
Land	\$ 12,969	\$	12,922	\$	22,997	\$	22,289	\$	35,966	\$	35,211
Buildings	44,258		33,766		84,113		87,213		128,371		120,979
Improvements other than											
buildings	3,672		2,958		8,340		8,697		12,012		11,655
Machinery and equipment	11,027		11,121		12,424		13,336		23,451		24,457
Infrastructure	64,939		64,312		121,064		119,773		186,003		184,085
Construction in progress	 13,779		16,202		3,192		3,253		16,971		19,455
Total	\$ 150,644	\$	141,281	\$	252,130	\$	254,561	\$	402,774	\$	395,842

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The Court Street Transportation Center opened in September 2005. It includes facilities for interstate bus service, taxi service, a parking facility, day care center and other commercial space. Total construction costs for this project were \$11,860,000.
- Airport projects included environmental assessment, runway design, grading, lighting, paving and runway extension. CIP at fiscal year end totaled \$1,111,000.
- A variety of street and bridge construction in new residential areas and replacement and expansion of existing infrastructure amounted to \$10,501,000.
- The fire department purchased a new aerial ladder truck at a cost of \$848,000.
- Restoration of the Iowa River Power Dam to preserve the City's water supplies and reconstruction of a pedestrian bridge and observation platforms were completed at a cost of \$2,286,000.
- Construction of the fifth landfill cell as part of the landfill master plan. CIP at fiscal year end totaled \$1,111,000.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration: At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$190,975,000. Of this amount, \$85,060,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. However, 8% of this total, \$6,879,000 is debt that serves enterprise funds and is abated by their charges for services. The remaining \$105,915,000 represents revenue bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources.

City of Iowa City's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
		2006		2005	2006		2005		2006		2005
General obligation bonds	\$	78,181	\$	77,015	\$ 6,879	\$	8,275	\$	85,060	\$	85,290
Revenue bonds		_		_	 105,915		110,930		105,915		110,930
Total	\$	78,181	\$	77,015	\$ 112,794	\$	119,205	\$	190,975	\$	196,220

During the current fiscal year the City's total bonded debt decreased by \$5,245,000.

• The City issued \$7,265,000 in General Obligation bonds during FY06. The bonds were used to finance the cost of the City's 2006 and 2007 Capital Improvements Programs.

The City continues to have the same excellent bond rating on its General Obligation bonds that it has had for the past several years. This rating is given to those bonds judged to be of the best quality and carrying the smallest degree of investment risks. The City's bond ratings by Moody's Investors Services, Inc. as of June 30, 2006 were as follows:

General obligation bonds	Aaa
Parking revenue bonds	A
Wastewater treatment revenue bonds	A
Water revenue bonds	A

The City continues to operate well under the State debt capacity debt limitations. State statute limits the amount of General Obligation Debt outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in Iowa City. The current debt limitation for the City is \$186,629,525. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$85,060,000 we are utilizing 46% of this limit.

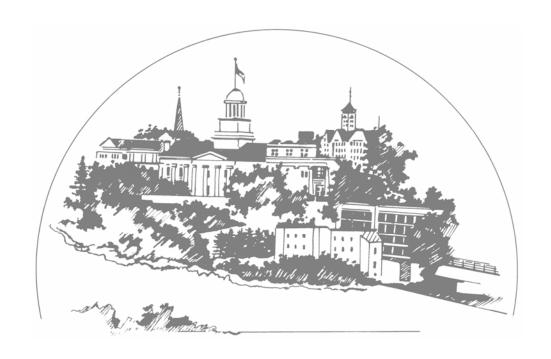
More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 6 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The City's expectation is continued constraints by the State property tax formula. Therefore, the City will not have opportunities for new initiatives and will strive to maintain current service delivery levels.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Iowa City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to City of Iowa City, Finance Department, 410 E. Washington Street, Iowa City, IA, 52240.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business	• •	T . 1
			Activities		 Total
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	39,127	\$ 4	7,914	\$ 87,041
Receivables:					
Property tax		39,313		-	39,313
Accounts and unbilled usage		96		3,664	3,760
Interest		667		1,210	1,877
Notes		10,920		1,477	12,397
Internal balances		(6,696)		6,696	-
Due from other governments		4,600		271	4,871
Prepaid insurance		-		-	-
Inventories		430		361	791
Restricted assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments		10,578	2	25,951	36,529
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		26,748	2	26,188	52,936
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		123,896	22	25,942	349,838
Total assets		249,679	33	9,674	 589,353
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		4,151		467	4,618
Contracts payable		1,768		348	2,116
Accrued liabilities		3,117		292	3,409
Interest payable		286		2,642	2,928
Deposits		815		590	1,405
Due to other governments		_		80	80
Unearned revenue		46,303		_	46,303
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year:					
Employee vested benefits		955		241	1,196
Bonds payable		6,715		6,584	13,299
Due in more than one year:					
Employee vested benefits		880		221	1,101
Notes Payable		211		_	211
Bonds payable		71,572	10	5,205	176,777
Landfill closure/post-closure liability				8,988	8,988
Total liabilities		136,773		25,658	 262,431
					 (continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued)

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		iness-type ctivities	 Total
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	95,227	\$ 155,346	\$ 250,573
Restricted for or by:				
Employee benefits		1,299	-	1,299
Debt service		2,725	-	2,725
Streets		2,782	-	2,782
Other purposes		46	-	46
Bond ordinance		-	13,254	13,254
State statute		-	517	517
Future improvements		-	42	42
Grant agreement		-	1,869	1,869
Unrestricted		10,827	 42,988	 53,815
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	112,906	\$ 214,016	\$ 326,922

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Program Revenues								
					Oj	perating	(Capital			
			C	harges	Gra	ants and	Grants and				
Functions/Programs:		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions				
Governmental activities:											
Public safety	\$	16,690	\$	2,971	\$	253	\$	58			
Public works		12,723		1,062		837		3,695			
Culture and recreation		11,458		707		-		96			
Community and economic development		6,264		-		1,847		-			
General government		6,892		1,556		-		-			
Interest on long-term debt		3,404		<u>-</u>							
Total governmental activities		57,431		6,296		2,937		3,849			
Business-type activities:											
Wastewater Treatment		11,710		12,145		-		773			
Water		9,324		9,012		-		606			
Sanitation		6,101		7,133		3		46			
Housing Authority		7,026		168		7,414		-			
Parking		3,884		3,936		_		-			
Airport		512		264		-		1,125			
Stormwater		817		597		-		468			
Cable television		576		718		-		_			
Total business-type activities		39,950		33,973		7,417		3,018			
Total	\$	97,381	\$	40,269	\$	10,354	\$	6,867			

General revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Road use tax

Hotel/motel tax

Gas and electric tax

Earnings on investments

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net assets

Net assets beginning of year

Net assets end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

\$ (13,408) \$ - \$ (13,408) \$ (7,129) - (7,129) (10,655) - (10,655) (4,417) - (4,417) (5,336) - (5,336) (3,404) - (3,404) (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (3,404) - (3,404) - (3,404) - (3,404) - (3,404) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (44,349) - (556		vernmental activities		iness-type ctivities		Total
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(4,417) - (4,417) (5,336) - (5,336) (3,404) - (3,404) (44,349) - (44,349) - 1,208 1,208 - 294 294 - 1,081 1,081 - 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 2,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		(7,129)		-		(7,129)
(5,336) - (5,336) (3,404) - (3,404) (44,349) - (44,349) - 1,208 1,208 - 294 294 - 1,081 1,081 - 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 2,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		(10,655)		-		(10,655)
(3,404) - (3,404) (44,349) - (44,349) - 1,208 1,208 - 294 294 - 1,081 1,081 - 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		(4,417)		-		(4,417)
(44,349) - (44,349) - 1,208 1,208 - 294 294 - 1,081 1,081 - 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				-		
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- 294 294 - 1,081 1,081 - 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		_		1,208		1,208
- 556 556 - 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		_				
- 52 52 - 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		_		1,081		1,081
- 877 877 - 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		-		556		556
- 248 248 - 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		-		52		52
- 142 142 - 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		-		877		877
- 4,458 4,458 (44,349) 4,458 (39,891) 37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		-		248		248
37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				142		142
37,770 - 37,770 5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				4,458		4,458
5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149		(44,349)		4,458		(39,891)
5,303 - 5,303 674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149						
674 - 674 566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				-		
566 - 566 2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				-		
2,678 2,575 5,253 100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				-		
100 185 285 4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149				2 575		
4,422 391 4,813 208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149						
208 (208) - 51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149						
51,721 2,943 54,664 7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149						-
7,372 7,401 14,773 105,534 206,615 312,149						54.664
<u>105,534</u> <u>206,615</u> <u>312,149</u>	-		_			
	\$		\$		\$	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Special Revenue				Capital Projects							
			•				Bridge,						
				C	ommunity		Street, and						
				De	evelopment		Traffic				Other		
		En	nployee		Block		Control		Debt	C	Governmental		
	 General	B	enefits	_	Grant	Construction		Service		Funds		_	Total
Assets													
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 18,706	\$	1,233	\$	-	\$	1,325	\$	2,019	\$	3,844	\$	27,127
Receivables:													
Property tax	21,850		8,420		-		-		9,042		1		39,313
Accounts and unbilled usage	93		-		-		-		-		3		96
Interest	322		26		-		-		24		103		475
Notes	121		-		10,029		-		387		383		10,920
Advances to other funds	16		-		18		-		247		-		281
Due from other governments	1,540		219		89		2,070		-		644		4,562
Inventories	167		-		_		-		-		-		167
Restricted assets:					_								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	 1,316			_		_		_		_	9,262	_	10,578
Total assets	\$ 44,131	\$	9,898	\$	10,136	\$	3,395	\$	11,719	\$	14,240	\$	93,519

(continued)

BALANCE SHEET (continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Special Revenue				Capital Projects							
						-	Bridge,							
					C	ommunity		Street, and						
						evelopment		Traffic				Other		
			Emr	oloyee	-	Block		Control		Debt	(Governmental		
	Gen	eral		nefits		Grant		Construction		Service	•	Funds		Total
Liabilities and Fund Balances							_				_			
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	1,207	\$	4	\$	37	:		\$	-	\$		\$	3,482
Contracts payable		-		-		-		1,233		-		535		1,768
Accrued liabilities		1,123		1		9		16		-		22		1,171
Advances from other funds		850		-		16		-		-		247		1,113
Deferred revenue	2	23,015		8,594		10,047		2,048		8,994		519		53,217
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:														
Deposits		815					_		_		_		_	815
Total liabilities	2	27,010	-	8,599		10,109	_	5,250	_	8,994	_	1,604		61,566
Fund balances:														
Reserved for:														
Inventories		167		-		-		-		-		-		167
Encumbrances		307		-		-		20		-		273		600
Debt service		-		-		-		-		2,725		-		2,725
Employee retirement commitments		-		1,299		-		-		-		-		1,299
Perpetual care		96		-		-		-		-		-		96
Unreserved														
Undesignated:														
General fund	1	16,551		-				-		-		-		16,551
Special revenue funds		-		-		27		-		-		3,395		3,422
Capital projects funds		_		_				(1,875)		_		8,968		7,093
Total fund balances	1	17,121		1,299		27	_	(1,855)	_	2,725	_	12,636	_	31,953
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4	44,131	\$	9,898	\$	10,136		\$ 3,395	\$	11,719	\$	14,240	\$	93,519

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

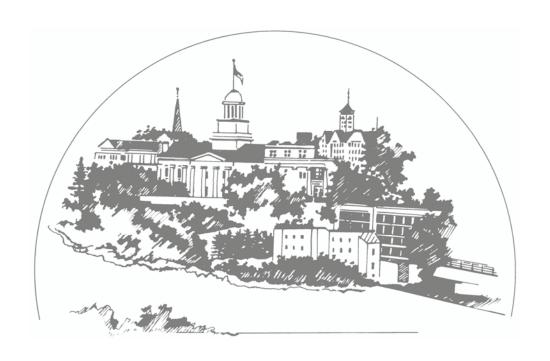
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 31,953
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	15,646
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Notes receivable - Earned but unavailable	6,914
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	144,773
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,732)
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(78,287)
Notes payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(211)
Accrued interest on bonds	(286)
Internal balance due to integration of internal service funds	 (5,864)
Total net assets of governmental activities	\$ 112,906

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		G	D	Capital			
		Special	Revenue	Projects			
				Bridge,			
			Community	Street, and			
			Development	Traffic		Other	
		Employee	Block	Control	Debt	Governmental	
	General	Benefits	Grant	Construction	Service	Funds	Total
Revenues		-				-	
Taxes	\$ 20,897	\$ 8,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,841	\$ 977	\$ 39,011
Licenses and permits	1,279		-	-		-	1,279
Intergovernmental	3,033	-	1,626	2,606	_	6,995	14,260
Charges for services	2,040	187	-	-	_	_	2,227
Use of money and property	1,677	11	_	_	208	307	2,203
Miscellaneous	3,394	-	350	12	100	320	4,176
Total revenues	32,320	8,494	1,976	2,618	9,149	8,599	63,156
E-man ditune							
Expenditures Current:							
	15.678	124				17	15.819
Public safety Public works	13,678 8,987	124	-	1,290	_	74	10,351
Culture and recreation	9,905	-	-	1,290	-	217	10,331
Community and economic development	9,903 854	-	474	-	-	3,370	4,698
General government	6,198	225	4/4	-	-	3,370 87	6,510
Debt service:	0,196	223	-	-	-	67	0,510
Principal	_				6,099	_	6,099
Interest	-	_	-	-	3,458	-	3,458
Capital outlay	1,536	_	1,458	9,510	5,436	2,649	15,153
•	43,158	349	1,932	10,800	9,557	6,414	
Total expenditures	45,136	349	1,932	10,800	9,337	0,414	72,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(10,838)	8,145	44	(8,182)	(408)	2,185	(9,054)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	1,000	-	6,265	7,265
Sale of capital assets	91	-	-	18	_	, -	109
Premium (discount) on issuance of bonds	-	-	-	(6)	-	35	29
Transfers in	13,002	-	-	7,370	66	1,189	21,627
Transfers out	(1,021)	(8,152	(65)	(845)	_	(11,457)	(21,540)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	12,072	(8,152	(65)	7,537	66	(3,968)	7,490
Net change in fund balances	1,234	(7)) (21)	(645)	(342)	(1,783)	(1,564)
Fund Balances, Beginning	15,887	1,306	48	(1,210)	3,067	14,419	33,517
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 17,121	\$ 1,299	\$ 27	\$ (1,855)	\$ 2,725	\$ 12,636	\$ 31,953



CITY OF IOWA CITY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,564)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the asset. Capital outlays and contributed capital assets exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows: Expenditures for capital assets Capital assets contributed Depreciation expense	\$ 14,488 859 (5,583)	9,764
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets. Debt issued Premium on bonds issued Repayments of debt	(7,265) (29) 6,099	
Amortization of premium	 14	(1,181)
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the City's year end, they are not considered available revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.		63
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in accrued compensated absences		(14)
Change in accrued interest on debt		40
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of the capital assets is recognized, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increased financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the capital asset sold.		(9)
Prepaid items in the governmental funds have been recorded as expenditures when paid. However, the statement of activities will report these items as expenses in the period that the corresponding net asset is exhausted.		(5)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		 278
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 7,372

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		ъ.		.	Б. 1		Governmental
		Busine	ss-type Activitie	s - Enterprise			Activities -
					Other		Internal
	Wastewater			Housing	Enterprise		Service
	Treatment	Water	Sanitation	Authority	Funds	Total	Funds
Assets							
Current assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 10,598	\$ 15,013	\$ 15,551	\$ 2,531	\$ 4,221	\$ 47,914	\$ 12,000
Receivables:							
Accounts and unbilled usage	1,599	1,064	433	187	381	3,664	-
Interest	303	324	403	74	106	1,210	192
Notes	-	-	-	1,252	225	1,477	-
Advances to other funds	-	-	2,074	-	-	2,074	-
Due from other governments	-	68	51	64	88	271	38
Inventories		361				361	263
Total current assets	12,500	16,830	18,512	4,108	5,021	56,971	12,493
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	9,279	3,389	10,090	1,869	1,324	25,951	-
Capital assets:							
Land	695	6,296	1,055	848	14,102	22,996	45
Buildings	59,486	23,408	999	5,474	29,274	118,641	831
Improvements other than buildings	7,365	2,318	121	9	408	10,221	50
Machinery and equipment	9,810	10,372	153	115	821	21,271	12,193
Infrastructure	83,453	40,281	9,315	-	30,734	163,783	940
Accumulated depreciation	(46,118)	(12,816)	(6,888)	(3,104)	(19,048)	(87,974)	(8,188)
Construction in progress	60	177	1,114	210	1,631	3,192	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	124,030	73,425	15,959	5,421	59,246	278,081	5,871
Total assets	136,530	90,255	34,471	9,529	64,267	335,052	18,364

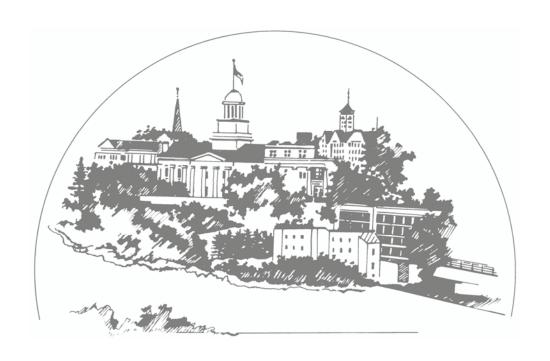
(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Marie Mar				Bı	ısine	ss-tv	ne Activitie	s - En	terpris	e Fui	nds		vernmental ctivities -
Current liabilities:								Housing		Other Enterprise		Total	Internal Service
Accounts payable \$ 72 \$ 167 \$ 94 \$ 79 \$ 55 \$ 467 \$ 600 Contracts payable 12 190 185 58 192 348 2.049 Accrued liabilities 129 190 185 58 192 754 2.049 Advances from other funds 2 10 57 13 2.24 1,224 0.2 Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 4,073 1,866 -0 -0 645 6,584 -2,718 Total current liabilities 4,274 2,233 491 150 2,309 9,457 2,718 Noncurrent liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Interest payable 1,657 666 0 1 319 2,642 0 - Deposits 1,657 666 1 2 1 3 159 0 - Deposits 1,657 3,093 1 2	Liabilities												
Contracts payable 1 - 155 - 193 348 - Accrued liabilities 129 190 185 58 192 754 2,049 Advances from other funds - - - - - 80 - Due to other governments - - - 645 6,584 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 4,073 1,866 - - 645 6,584 - Total current liabilities 4,274 2,233 491 150 2,309 9,457 2,718 Noncurrent liabilities Hancers payable from restricted assests: Interest payable from restricted assests: Interest payable from other funds 1,657 666 1 210 13 590 - Deposits 1,657 666 1 210 13 590 - Advances from other funds 63,967 30,900 - <	Current liabilities:												
Accrued liabilities 129 190 185 58 192 754 2,04 Advances from other funds - 10 57 13 - 80 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 4,073 1,866 - 645 6,584 - Total current liabilities 4,273 1,866 - 645 6,584 - Noncurrent liabilities 4,274 2,233 491 150 2,309 9,457 2,718 Noncurrent liabilities 4,274 2,233 491 150 2,309 9,457 2,718 Noncurrent liabilities 1 colspan="6">1,657 666 - - 319 2,642 - - Deposits - 366 1 210 13 590 - Advances from other funds - - 8,988 - 10,308 105,205 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 63,967 30,930 - <td>Accounts payable</td> <td>\$</td> <td>72</td> <td>\$</td> <td>167</td> <td>\$</td> <td>94</td> <td>\$</td> <td>79</td> <td>\$</td> <td>55</td> <td>\$ 467</td> <td>\$ 669</td>	Accounts payable	\$	72	\$	167	\$	94	\$	79	\$	55	\$ 467	\$ 669
Advances from other funds - 1 2 1 224 1,224 1,224 1,224 2 2 1 5 13 - 80 - - 1 0 5 133 - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 80 - - 665 65 4 - - 645 6,584 - 2,718 -	Contracts payable		-		-		155		-		193	348	-
Due to other governments	Accrued liabilities		129		190		185		58		192	754	2,049
Ronded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 4,073 1,866	Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		1,224	1,224	-
Total current liabilities 4,274 2,233 491 150 2,309 9,457 2,718 Noncurrent liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Interest payable 1,657 666 - 319 2,642 - Deposits - 366 1 210 13 590 - Advances from other funds - 366 1 10,308 105,205 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 63,967 30,930 - - 10,308 105,205 - Landfill closure/postclosure liability - 8,988 - - 8,988 - - 8,988 - - 8,988 - - 10,308 10,205 - - 10,308 105,205 - - - 8,988 - - - 8,988 - - - 8,988 - - - 11,413 - - - 1,149 - - <td>Due to other governments</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td></td> <td>57</td> <td></td> <td>13</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>80</td> <td>-</td>	Due to other governments		-		10		57		13		-	80	-
Noncurrent liabilities:	Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts)		4,073	1,	866						645	6,584	
Deposits 1,657 666 - - 319 2,642 - 1	Total current liabilities		4,274	2,	233		491		150		2,309	9,457	2,718
Interest payable 1,657 666 - - 319 2,642 - 1	Noncurrent liabilities:												
Interest payable 1,657 666 - - 319 2,642 - 1	Liabilities payable from restricted assets:												
Deposits - 366 1 210 13 590 - Advances from other funds - - - 18 - 18 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 63,967 30,930 - - 10,308 105,205 - Landfill closure/postclosure liability - - 8,988 - - 8,988 - Total noncurrent liabilities 65,624 31,962 8,989 228 10,640 117,443 - Total liabilities 69,898 34,195 9,480 378 12,949 126,900 2,718 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted for future improvements - - 517 - - 517 - - 1,869 <td>Interest payable</td> <td></td> <td>1,657</td> <td></td> <td>666</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>319</td> <td>2,642</td> <td>-</td>	Interest payable		1,657		666		-		_		319	2,642	-
Advances from other funds - - - 18 - 18 - Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts) 63,967 30,930 - - 10,308 105,205 - Landfill closure/postclosure liability - 8,988 - - 8,988 - Total noncurrent liabilities 65,624 31,962 8,989 228 10,640 117,443 - Total liabilities 69,898 34,195 9,480 378 12,949 126,900 2,718 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - 5 517 - 517 - Restricted by grant agreement - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - 9,775 <tr< td=""><td>* *</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>366</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>210</td><td></td><td>13</td><td>590</td><td>-</td></tr<>	* *		_		366		1		210		13	590	-
Landfill closure/postclosure liability - - 8,988 - - 8,988 - Total noncurrent liabilities 65,624 31,962 8,989 228 10,640 117,443 - Total liabilities 69,898 34,195 9,480 378 12,949 126,900 2,718 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted for future improvements - - 517 - - 517 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - 9,775 Total net assets - 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775			-		_		-		18		-	18	-
Total noncurrent liabilities 65,624 31,962 8,989 228 10,640 117,443 - Total liabilities 69,898 34,195 9,480 378 12,949 126,900 2,718 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - 517 - - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - - 9,775 - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - 9,775 - - - 1,869 - -	Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts)		63,967	30,	930		-		-		10,308	105,205	-
Total noncurrent liabilities 65,624 31,962 8,989 228 10,640 117,443 - Total liabilities 69,898 34,195 9,480 378 12,949 126,900 2,718 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - 517 - - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - - 9,775 - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - 9,775 - - - 1,869 - -	Landfill closure/postclosure liability		-		-		8,988		-		-	8,988	-
Net Assets Net Assets Security of the problem of the p			65,624	31,	962		8,989		228		10,640	117,443	 _
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - - 517 - 517 - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - - 42 42 - - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - - - - - 1,869 - <td< td=""><td>Total liabilities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2,718</td></td<>	Total liabilities												2,718
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 55,376 42,391 5,869 3,552 48,158 155,346 5,871 Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - - 517 - 517 - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - - 42 42 - - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - - - - - - 1,869 - <td< td=""><td>Not Accots</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Not Accots												
Restricted by bond ordinance 9,278 2,705 - - 1,271 13,254 - Restricted by state statute - - 517 - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - - 42 42 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - 1,869 - Unrestricted 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775 Total net assets \$ 66,632 \$ 56,060 \$ 24,991 \$ 9,151 \$ 51,318 208,152 \$ 15,646 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds.			55.376	42.	391		5.869		3.552		48.158	155.346	5.871
Restricted by state statute - 517 - 517 - Restricted for future improvements - - - - 42 42 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - Unrestricted 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775 Total net assets \$66,632 \$56,060 \$24,991 \$9,151 \$51,318 208,152 \$15,646 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds.							· ·		-				-
Restricted for future improvements - - - - 42 42 - Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - Unrestricted 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775 Total net assets \$ 66,632 \$ 56,060 \$ 24,991 \$ 9,151 \$ 51,318 208,152 \$ 15,646 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds.			-,	_,	_		517		_				_
Restricted by grant agreement - - - 1,869 - 1,869 - Unrestricted 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775 Total net assets \$ 66,632 \$ 56,060 \$ 24,991 \$ 9,151 \$ 51,318 208,152 \$ 15,646 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. 5,864	-		_		_		-		_				_
Unrestricted 1,978 10,964 18,605 3,730 1,847 37,124 9,775 Total net assets \$ 66,632 \$ 56,060 \$ 24,991 \$ 9,151 \$ 51,318 208,152 \$ 15,646 Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. 5,864 5,864			_		_		_		1.869				_
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. 5,864			1,978	10,	964		18,605				1,847		9,775
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds. 5,864									_	· ·			_
related to enterprise funds. 5,864	Total net assets	\$	66,632	\$ 56,	060	\$	24,991	\$	9,151	\$	51,318	208,152	\$ 15,646
related to enterprise funds. 5,864	Adjustment to reflect the consolid	dation	of intern	al servi	ce fu	nd a	ctivities						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-											5,864	
	•	ties										\$ 214,016	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

				Business	s-typ	pe Activiti	ies -	Enterpris	e Fi	unds				rernmental tivities -
		astewater eatment		Water		Sanitation		ousing uthority	Other Enterprise Funds		Total		5	nternal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	12,145	\$	9,012	\$	7,133	\$	168	\$	5,515	\$	33,973	\$	12,427
Miscellaneous		40	_	165	_	6	_	87		93	_	391		
Total operating revenues		12,185	_	9,177	_	7,139	_	255	_	5,608	_	34,364		12,427
Operating Expenses:														
Personal services		1,565		2,024		1,949		801		2,116		8,455		1,633
Commodities		533		1,908		215		29		199		2,884		1,900
Services and charges		2,162		1,765		3,379		6,007		1,216		14,529		8,066
		4,260		5,697		5,543		6,837		3,531		25,868		11,599
Depreciation		4,037		1,985		553		178		1,563		8,316		1,342
Total operating expenses	_	8,297	_	7,682	_	6,096		7,015		5,094	_	34,184		12,941
Operating income (loss)		3,888		1,495		1,043		(6,760)		514		180		(514)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):														
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		17		(25)		-		180		13		185		64
Operating grants		-		-		3		7,414		-		7,417		-
Interest income		596		741		836		198		204		2,575		479
Interest expense		(3,375)		(1,607)		_		<u> </u>		(656)		(5,638)		<u>-</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(2,762)	_	(891)	_	839		7,792		(439)	_	4,539		543
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		1,126		604		1,882		1,032		75		4,719		29
Capital contributions		773		606		46		_		1,593		3,018		_
Transfers in		60		-		-		65		917		1,042		255
Transfers out		(222)		(467)	_	(131)		(86)		(475)		(1,381)		(3)
Change in net assets		1,737		743		1,797		1,011		2,110		7,398		281
Net Assets, Beginning		64,895		55,317	_	23,194		8,140	_	49,208				15,365
Net Assets, Ending	\$	66,632	\$	56,060	\$	24,991	\$	9,151	\$	51,318			\$	15,646
Adjustment to reflect the	conso	olidation o	of in	ternal ser	vice	fund acti	vitie	es				_		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

related to enterprise funds.

Change in net assets of business-type activities

7,401

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Business	-type Activit	ties - Enterpri	se Funds			vernmental ctivities -
	tewater atment	Water	Sanitation	Housing Authority	Other Enterprise Funds	Total		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 12,058	\$ 9,188	\$ 7,268	\$ 42	\$ 5,602	\$ 34,158	\$	12,531
Payments to suppliers	(2,823)	(3,980)	(2,992)	(6,030)	\$ (1,494)	(17,319)	\$	(10,027)
Payments to employees	 (1,561)	(2,024)	(1,924)	(795)	\$ (2,094)	(8,398)	\$	(1,220)
Net cash flows from operating activities	 7,674	3,184	2,352	(6,783)	2,014	8,441	_	1,284
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Grants received	-	-	3	7,414	-	7,417		-
Transfers from other funds	60	-	-	65	917	1,042		255
Transfers to other funds	(222)	(467)	(131)	(86)	(475)	(1,381)		(3)
Repayment/(payment) of notes receivable	-	-	-	(189)	25	(164)		-
Advances to other funds	-	-	(212)	-	-	(212)		-
Repayment of advances from other funds	 				(35)	(35)		_
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(162)	(467)	(340)	7,204	432	6,667		252
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Capital grants received					1,125	1,125		
Acquisition and construction of property and	-	-	-	-	1,123	1,123		-
equipment	(233)	(120)	(1,691)	(241)	(1,985)	(4,270)		(948)
Proceeds from sale of property	21	(120)	(1,091)	462	13	496		64
Principal paid on bonded debt	(3,983)	(1,812)	_	-102	(616)	(6,411)		-
Interest paid on bonded debt	(3,398)	(1,607)	_	_	(661)	(5,666)		_
-	 (3,370)	(1,007)			(001)	(3,000)		
Net cash flows from capital and related financing								
activities	 (7,593)	(3,539)	(1,691)	221	(2,124)	(14,726)		(884)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest on investments	490	635	711	169	159	2,164		404
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	409	(187)	1,032	811	481	2,546		1,056
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	 19,468	18,589	24,609	3,589	5,064	71,319		10,944
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 19,877	\$ 18,402	\$ 25,641	\$ 4,400	\$ 5,545	\$ 73,865	\$	12,000

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			E	Business-	-typ	e Activiti	ies	- Enterpris	se F	unds			overnmental activities -
		stewater eatment		Water	Sa	nitation		Iousing authority	En	Other iterprise Funds		Total	 Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:													
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	3,888	\$	1,495	\$	1,043	\$	(6,760)	\$	514	\$	180	\$ (514)
Depreciation expense Changes in: Receivables:		4,037		1,985		553		178		1,563		8,316	\$ 1,342
Accounts and unbilled usage		(127)		(39)		179		(183)		(37)		(207)	96
Due from other governments		-		53		(50)		(27)		29		5	8
Inventories		-		(1)		-		-		-		(1)	(23)
Accounts payable		(127)		(284)		47		11		(79)		(432)	(38)
Accrued liabilities		4		-		25		6		22		57	413
Due to other governments		(1)		(22)		(8)		(5)		-		(36)	-
Deposits		-		(3)		-		(3)		2		(4)	-
Landfill closure/postclosure liability						563						563	 _
Total adjustments		3,786		1,689		1,309		(23)		1,500		8,261	1,798
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	7,674	\$	3,184	\$	2,352	\$	(6,783)	\$	2,014	\$	8,441	\$ 1,284
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Contributions of fixed assets from government and others	\$	773	\$	606	\$	46	\$		\$	1,593	\$	3,018	
and others	Ψ	113	Ψ	000	Ψ	70	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,575	Ψ	3,010	_

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 4	111
Accounts receivable		4
Interest receivable		7
Total assets	\$ 4	122
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1	108
Accrued liabilities		4
Due to agency	3	310
Total liabilities	\$ 4	122

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

1. Accounting Policies

The City of Iowa City, Iowa, (the City) was incorporated April 6, 1853, and operates under the Council/Manager form of government. The City provides a broad range of services to its citizens including general government, a mass transportation system, public safety, streets, parks, and cultural facilities. It also operates an airport, parking facilities, water treatment, wastewater treatment, stormwater collection, sanitation collection and disposal (including landfill operations), cable television, and a housing authority.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

The Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City includes all of its funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City. There were no component units required to be included.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Description of Funds

These financial statements include all funds owned or administered by the City, for which the City acts as custodian.

The City maintains its records on a modified cash basis of accounting under which only cash receipts, cash disbursements and encumbrances, investments, and bonded debt are recorded. These modified cash basis accounting records have been adjusted to the accrual or modified accrual basis, as necessary, to prepare the accompanying financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The fund categories are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The individual funds account for the governmental resources allocated to them for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with laws, regulations, or other restrictions.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its "measurement focus." The government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The City applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with GASB pronouncements, in accounting and reporting for these funds.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities on the balance sheet. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for these funds. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recognized when susceptible to accrual, which is in the period in which it becomes both available (collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period) and measurable (the amount of the transaction can be determined). Revenue accrued includes property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and interest earned on investments (if they are collected within 60 days after the year-end). Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

The *Employee Benefits Fund* is used to account for the employee benefits related to those employees who are paid through governmental fund types, which are funded by a separate property tax levy.

The *Community Development Block Grant Fund* accounts for revenue from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Community Development Block Grant programs.

The *Bridge, Street, and Traffic Control Construction Fund* accounts for the construction or replacement of infrastructure fixed assets, such as streets, bridges, dams, sidewalks, and lighting systems.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Treatment Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment facility and sanitary sewer system.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the water system.

The Sanitation Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the solid waste collection system and landfill.

The *Housing Authority Fund* is used to account for the operations and activities of the City's low and moderate income housing assistance and public housing programs.

Additionally, the City reports internal service funds to account for goods and services provided by one department to other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The funds in this category are the *Equipment Maintenance Fund, Central Services Fund, Loss Reserve Fund*, and the *Information Technology Fund*.

The City also reports fiduciary funds which are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City has four fiduciary funds which are maintained as agency funds, with no attempt to create an ongoing fund balance.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds -include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Uses of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue, expenditures and expenses, as appropriate, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of landfill closure and postclosure care costs, total capacity of the landfill at closure, and calculation of the costs of claims incurred, but not reported.

Cash and Investments

The City maintains one primary demand deposit account through which the majority of its cash resources are processed. Substantially all investment activity is carried on by the City in an investment pool, except for those funds required to maintain their investments separately. The earnings on the pooled investments are allocated to the funds on a systematic basis. All investments are stated at fair value except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT) which is valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, restricted and nonrestricted investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

Receivables and Revenue Recognition

Property tax receivable is recognized in governmental funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Federal and state grants, primarily capital grants, are recorded as receivables and the revenue is recognized during the period in which the City fulfills the requirements for receiving the grant awards, as long as the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Income from investments in all fund types and from charges for services in proprietary fund types is recognized when earned. Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, fees and refunds, charges for services (in governmental fund types), miscellaneous and other revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Inventories

Inventories are recognized only in those funds in which they are material to the extent of affecting operations. For the City, these are the General Fund, Water Fund, and the Equipment Maintenance Fund. Inventories are reported at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City follows the policy of not capitalizing an asset with an initial, individual cost of less than \$50,000 for infrastructure assets and \$5,000 for remaining assets. Such assets are recorded at original purchase cost or at fair value at the date of donation when received as donated properties.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	3-100 years
Buildings and structures	20 - 50 years
Improvements other than buildings	15 - 50 years
Vehicles	2-20 years
Other equipment	5-30 years

Bond Premiums and Discounts

Debt issued at a premium or discount is recorded net of the unamortized premium or discount. In the governmental funds, premiums and discounts are recorded entirely as other financing sources or uses in the year of issuance. In the proprietary funds and the government-wide statements, they are amortized over the life of the bonds.

Compensated Absences

Permanent City employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon death, resignation, or retirement. The City pays its employees (except firefighters) one-half of the accumulated sick leave at the time of termination on the basis of the employee's then effective hourly base salary, provided that the dollar amount of the payment may be up to, but not exceed, the amount that an employee would be paid if the employee had terminated on June 28, 1985. Employees hired on or after June 29, 1985, are not eligible for payment of accumulated sick leave upon termination, death, or retirement.

Pensions

The provision for pension cost is recorded on the accrual basis (based on statutorily determined contribution rates), and the City's policy is to fund pension costs as they accrue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Landfill Closing Costs

Costs expected to be incurred in ultimately closing the present landfill site are being systematically provided for through charges to expense over the estimated useful life of the landfill on the basis of capacity used (see Note 13).

Budgetary and Legal Appropriation and Amendment Policies

The City prepares and adopts an annual function budget, as prescribed by Iowa statutes, for all funds except internal service and agency funds. This is formalized in a separate budgetary report, the Financial Plan. This budget is adopted on or before March 15 of each year to become effective July 1, and constitutes the City's appropriation for each program and purpose specified therein until amended. The adopted budget must include the following:

a. Expenditures for each function:

Public safety

Public works

Health and social services

Culture and recreation

Community and economic development

General government

Debt service

Capital outlay

Business-type

- b. The amount to be raised by property taxation
- c. Income from sources other than property taxation
- d. Transfers in and transfers out

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level for all funds combined, rather than at the individual fund level. Management can transfer appropriations within a function, within a fund type, and between fund types, without the approval of the governing body so long as the total budget by function area will not be exceeded. It is necessary, therefore, to aggregate the expenditures of the budgeted activities within the governmental fund types with the expenditures of the budgeted activities within the enterprise funds on a function basis, and to compare such function totals to function budgeted totals in order to demonstrate legal compliance with the budget. The City's budget for revenue focuses on the individual fund revenue rather than on aggregated fund totals.

The City formally adopts budgets for several funds that are not required by state law to be included in the annual function budget. Annual operating budgets are adopted for the internal service funds for management control purposes. Such budgets, however, are not legally required to be adopted under state statutes. These budgets are adopted and amended at the same time and in the same manner as the City's annual function budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

A City budget for the current fiscal year may be amended for any of the following purposes as prescribed by Iowa statute:

- a. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of unexpended, unencumbered cash balances on hand at the end of the preceding fiscal year.
- b. To permit the appropriation and expenditure of amounts anticipated being available from sources other than property taxation.
- c. To permit transfers between funds.
- d. To permit transfers between programs.

A budget amendment must be prepared and adopted in the same manner as the original budget. The City's budget was amended as prescribed, and the effects of those amendments are shown in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule. The original budget was increased by \$11.7 million in revenues and other financing sources and by \$25.4 million in expenditures and other financing uses. Appropriations as adopted or amended, and not encumbered, lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 41, Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Perspective Differences, the City presents budgetary comparison schedules as required supplementary information based on the program structure of nine functional areas as required by state statute for its legally adopted budget.

Restricted Assets

Assets within the individual funds, which can be designated by the City Council for any use within the fund's purpose, are considered to be unrestricted assets. Assets, which are restricted for specific uses by bonded debt requirements, grant provisions, or other requirements, are classified as restricted assets. Liabilities which are payable from restricted assets, are classified as such.

2. Compliance and Accountability

At June 30, 2006 the Capital Project Fund for bridge, street, and traffic control construction reported a deficit fund balance of \$1,855,000. The deficit is due to capital expenditures. The City anticipates receiving funds from the Iowa Department of Transportation. If not, bonds will be issued in 2007 to cover the capital expenditures.

3. Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance, national credit union administration, or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured Iowa depository institutions approved by City Council and secured pursuant to the limitations set forth in Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT); certain registered open–end management investment companies registered with the Securities & Exchange Commission under the federal Investment Company Act of 1940; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Investments are stated at fair value. In addition, the City had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$3,284,233 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

At June 30, 2006 the City had the following investments:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
U S Agencies	\$1,454,615	November 2006
Van Kampen U S Mutual Fund	164,115	none

Interest rate risk. The City's investment policy limits the investment of general and operating funds to one year, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by the City Council. In such cases, the average maturity of each fund's portfolio shall not exceed 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in instruments whose maturities do not exceed five years at the time of purchase.

Credit risk. State law limits investments to commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. It is the City's policy to comply with rating restrictions. The City's Van Kampen investment at June 30, 2006 is rated Aaa by Moody's Investors service. The investment in Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust is not rated by Moody's Investors service as it is a state security that is backed by the full faith and credit of the issuing government and is not subject to credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk. The City investment policy limits the amount that may be invested in any one issuer to a maximum amount approved by the City Council.

The aforementioned Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust (IPAIT) and mutual funds represent investments in pools managed by others. IPAIT is a common trust established under Iowa law pursuant to Iowa Code Chapter 28E in 1987 to enable eligible Iowa public agencies to safely and effectively invest their available operating and reserve funds. IPAIT is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The IPAIT portfolios have followed established money market mutual fund investment parameters designed to maintain a \$1 per unit net asset value since inception and were registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Due to legal and budgetary reasons, the general fund is assigned a portion of the investment earnings associated with other funds. These funds are the employee benefits, other shared revenue and sanitation funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

4. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following:

					Ad	vances from		
			Co	mmunity				_
			Dev	velopment		Debt		
	Genera		Blo	ock Grant		Service	Sanitation	Total
Advances to:								
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 849,785	\$ 849,785
Community Development								
Block Grant		15,574		-		-	-	15,574
Nonmajor governmental		-		-		247,067	-	247,067
Housing Authority		-		18,000			-	18,000
Nonmajor enterprise		-		-		-	1,223,571	1,223,571
Total	\$	15,574	\$	18,000	\$	247,067	\$ 2,073,356	\$ 2,353,997
	_						 	

Interfund balances at June 30, 2006, include advances due to/from other funds. Advances to/from other funds represent amounts for construction loans, land and negative cash funding. \$1,183,532 of the \$1,223,571 advances to the Non-Major Enterprise Funds and \$720,157 of the \$849,785 advances to the General Fund are not expected to be repaid within the next year. \$237,810 of the \$247,067 advance to the Non-Major Governmental Funds is not expected to be repaid within the next year. None of the \$18,000 advance to Housing Authority is expected to be repaid within the next year. The \$15,574 advance to the Community Development Block Grant Fund is expected to be repaid within the next year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006, consisted of the following:

					Trar	sfer From				
	General				Dev	mmunity velopment ock Grant	S Co	Nonmajor Governmental		
Transfer to:										
General	\$	-	\$	8,152,026	\$	-	\$	195,587	\$	4,289,637
Debt service		21,250		-		-		-		44,289
Bridge, street and traffic control construction		-		-		_		-		6,697,847
Nonmajor governmental		790,627		-		-		-		270,258
Wastewater treatment		-		-		-		-		-
Housing		-		-		64,959		-		-
Nonmajor enterprise		112,000		-		-		649,597		155,058
Internal Service		97,531						-		
Total transfer to	\$	1,021,408	\$	8,152,026	\$	64,959	\$	845,184	\$	11,457,089

Transfers are used to move revenues and bond proceeds from the fund that State statutes or the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the State statutes or the budget requires to expend them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Transfer From

astewater	Water	S	anitation	F	Houisng		Nonmajor Enterprise		Internal Service		Total ransfer From
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	362,821	\$	2,500	\$	13,002,571 65,539
152.004	107.011						112 000				
153,994	407,044		-		-		112,000		-		7,370,885
-			41,841		86,146		-		-		1,188,872
-	60,000		-		-		-		-		60,000
-			-		-		-		-		64,959
-			-		-		-		-		916,655
67,600	 		89,483		_						254,614
\$ 221,594	\$ 467,044	\$	131,324	\$	86,146	\$	474,821	\$	2,500	\$	22,924,095

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning July 1, 2005	Acquisitions and Transfers	Disposals and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	¢ 12.022.527	¢ 46.061	¢	¢ 12.060.209
Land Construction in the second	\$ 12,922,537	\$ 46,861	\$ -	\$ 12,969,398
Construction in progress	16,201,606	13,332,361	15,754,947	13,779,020
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	29,124,143	13,379,222	15,754,947	26,748,418
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	45,282,411	11,911,633	384,490	56,809,554
Improvements other than buildings	3,890,466	887,868	-	4,778,334
Machinery and equipment	30,791,142	3,210,013	1,591,549	32,409,607
Infrastructure	78,939,778	2,709,478		81,649,256
Total capital assets being depreciated	158,903,797	18,718,992	1,976,039	175,646,750
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	11,516,340	1,419,551	384,490	12,551,401
Improvements other than buildings	932,513	173,762	-	1,106,275
Machinery and equipment	19,670,152	3,263,629	1,551,603	21,382,178
Infrastructure	14,628,020	2,082,640		16,710,660
Total accumulated depreciation	46,747,025	6,939,582	1,936,093	51,750,514
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$112,156,772</u>	\$ 11,779,410	\$ 39,946	\$ 123,896,236
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$141,280,915</u>	<u>\$ 25,158,632</u>	<u>\$ 15,794,893</u>	<u>\$150,644,654</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Business-type activities:	Beginning July 1, 2005	A	cquisitions and Transfers		Disposals and Transfers	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 22,288,569 3,252,982 25,541,551	\$	787,969 3,942,054 4,730,023	\$	79,500 4,003,371 4,082,871	\$	22,997,038 3,191,665 26,188,703
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets being depreciated	118,625,743 10,147,021 21,098,981 158,944,944 308,816,689		316,053 73,934 243,595 4,837,932 5,471,514		300,724 - 72,374 - 373,098	1	118,641,072 10,220,955 21,270,202 163,782,876 313,915,105
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 31,412,533 1,450,006 7,762,754 39,172,165 79,797,458	\$	3,211,098 430,633 1,126,784 3,547,511 8,316,026	\$	95,403 - 43,552 - 138,955	\$	34,528,228 1,880,639 8,845,986 42,719,676 87,974,529
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	229,019,231		(2,844,512)		234,143	_2	225,940,576
Business-type activities capital assets, net		<u>\$</u>	1,885,511	<u>\$</u>	4,317,014	<u>\$ 2</u>	252,129,279
Depreciation expense was charged to function Governmental activities: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government Internal service funds		:				\$	582,414 2,644,912 1,980,292 37,619 338,572 1,355,773
Total depreciation expense – governmenta	al activities					<u>\$</u>	6,939,582
Business-type activities: Wastewater treatment Water Sanitation Housing authority Nonmajor enterprise						\$	4,036,633 1,984,988 553,206 178,325 1,562,876
Total depreciation expense – business-typ	e activities					<u>\$</u>	8,316,026

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

6. Bonded and Other Long-Term Debt

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	July 1, 2005		Issues	R	Retirements	June 30, 2006		Oue Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 77,015,377	\$	7,265,000	\$	6,099,222	\$ 78,181,155	\$	6,700,525
Plus: Unamortized								
Premium (discount)	90,026		29,843		14,223	105,646		14,223
Total general	77 105 102		7.204.042		6 110 445	70.006.001		6.714.740
obligation bonds	77,105,403		7,294,843		6,113,445	78,286,801		6,714,748
Note payable	211,000 1,805,610		952,046	_	922,823	211,000 1,834,833		955,000
Employee vested benefits	\$ 79,122,013	•	8,246,889	\$	7,036,268	\$ 80,332,634	•	7,669,748
	<u>φ 77,122,013</u>	Ψ	0,240,002	Ψ	7,030,200	<u>Ψ 60,332,03+</u>	Ψ	7,007,740
Business-type activities:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,274,623	\$	-	\$	1,395,778	\$ 6,878,845	\$	1,429,475
Less: Unamortized								
discounts	71,626				6,609	65,017		6,609
Total general								
obligation bonds	8,202,997				1,389,169	6,813,828		1,422,866
Revenue bonds	110,930,000		-		5,015,000	105,915,000		5,155,000
Less: Unamortized	1,011,761				72.040	020 712		72,049
discounts Total revenue bonds	109,918,239	_	<u>-</u>		72,049 4,942,951	939,712 104,975,288	_	5,082,951
Landfill closure/post-	109,910,239		<u>-</u> _	-	4,942,931	104,973,200		3,062,931
closure	8,425,488		562,189		_	8,987,677		_
Employee vested benefits			259,957		217,920	462,590		241,358
r . 7	\$126,967,277	\$	822,146	\$	6,550,040	\$ 121,239,383	\$	6,747,175

A note payable was issued to Greater Iowa City Housing Fellowship for the purchase of an 11 unit apartment building for low income and disabled housing in the Peninsula Neighborhood. The terms of the loan are 1%, interest only payments for twenty years with a final balloon payment of \$211,000 due on August 1, 2025.

For the governmental activities, employee vested benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund and Community Development Block Grant Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

General Obligation Bonds

Various issues of general obligation bonds totaling \$85,060,000 are outstanding as of June 30, 2006. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5.6% and mature in varying annual amounts ranging from \$275,000 to \$2,195,000 per issue, with the final maturities due in the year ending June 30, 2023. Interest and principal payments on all general obligation bonds, except tax abated portions recorded in the enterprise funds, are accounted for through the Debt Service Fund.

Portions of several general obligation bond issues have been used to acquire or expand the enterprise fund facilities. In some instances, revenue generated by the enterprise funds is used to pay the general long-term debt principal and interest. The liability for those bonds that are expected to be paid by enterprise funds is included in those funds.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Governmen	Governmental Activities		pe Activities
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2007	6,700,525	3,464,538	1,429,475	284,314
2008	6,578,235	3,222,276	561,765	238,554
2009	6,763,235	2,956,142	561,765	216,001
2010	6,889,538	2,680,499	580,462	192,794
2011	7,130,840	2,392,733	599,160	168,127
2012-2016	30,458,782	7,491,633	2,846,218	435,674
2017-2021	12,375,000	2,021,571	300,000	15,000
2022-2026	1,285,000	104,405		
Total	\$ 78,181,155	\$ 24,333,797	\$ 6,878,845	\$ 1,550,464

Revenue Bonds

As of June 30, 2006, the following unmatured revenue bond issues are outstanding:

		Wastewater		
	 Parking	 Treatment	-	Water
Original issue amount	\$ 13,850,000	\$ 83,935,000	\$	30,700,000
Interest rates	5.9% to 7.4%	3.5% to 5.8%		2.0% to 5.6%
Annual maturities	\$ 305,000 to	\$ 270,000 to	\$	245,000 to
	\$ 895,000	\$ 3,010,000	\$	910,000
Amount outstanding	\$ 10,725,000	\$ 68,485,000	\$	26,705,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Business-typ	e Activities
June 30	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2007	5,155,000	5,128,064
2008	5,415,000	4,905,893
2009	5,625,000	4,668,765
2010	5,875,000	4,413,216
2011	6,195,000	4,139,939
2012-2016	28,725,000	16,432,893
2017-2021	31,470,000	9,078,823
2022-2026	17,455,000	1,966,613
	\$ 105,915,000	\$ 50,734,206

The revenue bond ordinances required that wastewater treatment, parking system, and water revenues be set aside into separate and special accounts as they are received. The use and the amounts to be included in the accounts are as follows:

Account	Amount
(a) Revenue Bond and Interest Sinking Reserve	Amount sufficient to pay current bond and interest maturities.
(b) Revenue Debt Service Reserve	Amount required to be deposited in the Revenue Bond and Interest Reserve until the reserve fund equals: Parking Revenue and Water Revenue bonds – maximum debt service due on the bonds in any succeeding fiscal year. Wastewater Revenue bonds – 125% of the average principal and interest payments over the life of all the Wastewater Revenue bonds.
(c) Improvement Reserve	\$20,000 per month until the reserve balance equals or exceeds \$2,000,000 for Wastewater Revenue bonds, \$5,000 per month until the reserve balance equals or exceeds \$300,000 for Parking Revenue bonds and \$450,000 for Water Revenue bonds, with no further deposits once the minimum balance is reached. If the reserve falls below the required minimum, monthly transfers in the aforementioned amounts will resume.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Summary of Bond Issues

General obligation and revenue bonds payable at June 30, 2006, are comprised of the following issues:

	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rates	Final Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2006
General Obligation Bond		Issueu	Kates	<u>Maturity</u>	June 30, 2000
Multi-Purpose	Mar. 1997	\$5,200,000	4.5 - 4.7	6/07	\$500,000
Water Construction (1)	Nov. 1997	5,540,000	4.875 - 5.0	6/17	3,300,000
Multi-Purpose	Apr. 1998	8,500,000	4.35 – 4.75	6/13	3,900,000
Multi-Purpose	Mar. 1999	9,000,000	4.125 - 4.73	6/18	5,700,000
Multi-Purpose	Jul. 2000	14,310,000	5.0 - 5.5	6/18	10,965,000
Multi-Purpose	Jun. 2000 Jun. 2001	11,500,000	3.0 – 3.3 4.0 – 4.9	6/16	8,150,000
Multi-Purpose and Library		11,500,000	4.0 – 4.9	0/10	0,130,000
Construction	May 2002	29,100,000	3.5 - 5.0	6/21	22,495,000
Refunded Multi-Purpose (3		10,600,000	3.5 - 3.0 2.5 - 4.0	6/15	4,580,000
1 `	Nov. 2002	, ,	2.5 - 4.0 $2.5 - 3.6$	6/14	
Multi-Purpose		5,570,000			4,450,000
Taxable – Urban Renewal	Mar. 2004	7,305,000	4.0 - 5.4	6/23	7,305,000
Multi-Purpose	Mar. 2005	7,020,000	3.0 - 4.0	6/15	6,450,000
Multi-Purpose	Jun. 2006	6,265,000	3.625-4.0	6/16	6,265,000
Multi-Purpose	Jun. 2006	1,000,000	5.5 - 5.6	6/16	1,000,000
Total General Obligati	on Bonds				85,060,000
	Date of	Amount	Interest	Final	Outstanding
		Issued	Rates	Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2006
Revenue Bonds:	Issue	<u> 1880eu</u>	Kates	<u>Iviaturity</u>	Julie 30, 2000
	Dec. 1999	\$ 11,350,000	5.875 - 6.0	7/24	\$10,725,000
Parking Bonds	Dec. 1999	\$ 11,550,000	3.873 - 0.0	1124	\$10,723,000
Wastewater Treatment Bonds	Man 1006	10 200 000	50 575	7/21	14.500.000
	Mar. 1996	18,300,000	5.0 - 5.75	//21	14,500,000
Wastewater Treatment	M 1007	10 (00 000	5 15 5 5	7,100	0.575.000
Bonds	May 1997	10,600,000	5.15 - 5.5	7/22	8,575,000
Wastewater Treatment	1 1000	7,000,000	4.05 4.07	7.10.4	5 4 5 0 000
Bonds	Jan. 1999	7,000,000	4.25 - 4.87	7/24	5,470,000
Wastewater Treatment		4.000.000	- 10	= 12.5	40 770 000
Bonds	Oct. 2000	12,000,000	5.125 - 5.5	7/25	10,550,000
Wastewater Treatment					40.550.000
Bonds	Dec. 2001	10,250,000	4.5 - 5.0	7/20	10,250,000
Refunded Wastewater					
Trantment Danda (2)					
Treatment Bonds (2)	May 2002	25,785,000	3.25 - 4.1	7/13	19,140,000
Water Bonds	May 1999	9,200,000	4.75 - 5.0	7/25	7,885,000
Water Bonds Water Bonds	May 1999 Dec. 2000	9,200,000 13,000,000	4.75 - 5.0 5.0 - 5.625	7/25 7/26	7,885,000 11,325,000
Water Bonds Water Bonds Water Bonds	May 1999	9,200,000	4.75 - 5.0	7/25	7,885,000 11,325,000 7,495,000
Water Bonds Water Bonds	May 1999 Dec. 2000	9,200,000 13,000,000	4.75 - 5.0 5.0 - 5.625	7/25 7/26	7,885,000 11,325,000

\$190,975,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

- (1) These bond issues have a portion of the general obligation bonds payable shown as a liability on the balance sheet of the Water Fund.
- (2) This bond issue refunds the January 1993 Wastewater Revenue Bonds.
- (3) This bond issue has a portion of the general obligation bonds payable shown as a liability on the balance sheet of the Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, and Parking Fund.

Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are collateralized by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. All payments on the bonds are made by the private sector entities directly to a bond trustee, who is a third party financial institution, and in turn, disburses the payment to the respective bond holders. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2006, there were two series of Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and Facility Refunding Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$44,565,000.

Debt Legal Compliance

Legal Debt Margin:

As of June 30, 2006, the general obligation debt issued by the City did not exceed its legal debt margin computed as follows:

Assessed valuation.	Assessed	val	luation:
---------------------	----------	-----	----------

Real property Utilities	\$3,682,279,290 50,311,216
Total valuation	\$3,732,590,506
Debt limit, 5% of total assessed valuation Debt applicable to debt limit:	\$ 186,629,525
General obligation bonds	<u>85,060,000</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 101,569,525</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

7. Segment Information

The City issued revenue bonds to finance construction of its parking facilities. Summary financial information for the parking department is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets Assets:		
Current assets	\$	2,972
Restricted assets	Ψ	1,317
Capital assets		18,666
Total assets		22,955
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities		958
Noncurrent liabilities payable from restricted assets		323
Other noncurrent liabilities		10,308
Total liabilities		11,589
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		8,902
Restricted		1,313
Unrestricted		1,151
	\$	11,366

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets		
Operating revenue	\$	4,018
Depreciation expense		(819)
Other operating expenses		(2,380)
Operating income		819
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Interest income		143
Interest expense		(656)
Transfer out		(200)
Change in net assets		106
Beginning net assets		11,260
Ending net assets	<u>\$</u>	11,366
Condensed Statement of Cash Flows		
Net cash flows from:		
Operating activities	\$	1,550
Noncapital financing activities		(175)
Capital and related financing activities		(1,351)
Investing activities		109
Net increase		133
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		3,698
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$</u>	3.831

8. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; workplace accidents, errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 1988 the City established the Loss Reserve Fund, an internal service fund, to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. During the year ended June 30, 2006 the City purchased property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance under the program that provides for a \$100,000 self-insured retention per occurrence on property losses, a \$500,000 self-insured retention per occurrence on liability, and a \$400,000 self-insured retention on workers' compensation losses. The liability insurance provides coverage for claims in excess of the aforementioned self-insured retention up to a maximum of \$19,000,000 annual aggregate of losses paid. The operating funds pay annual premiums to the Loss Reserve Fund. Accumulated monies in the Loss Reserve Fund are available to cover the self-insured retention amounts and any uninsured losses. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past eight fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

The Housing Authority Fund is insured under a separate policy with the Assisted Housing Risk Management Association. The remaining funds participate in the Loss Reserve Fund. The funds make payments to the Loss Reserve Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior- and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The Fund's accrued liabilities balance includes a claims liability at June 30, 2006 based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, as amended, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the Loss Reserve Fund's claims liability amount for property, liability, and workers' compensation for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	Fi	Beginning-of- Fiscal-Year Liability		Current-Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Balance at Fiscal Year-End	
2004 – 2005 2005 – 2006	\$	808,000 1,114,000	\$	840,000 1,070,000	\$	534,000 745,000	\$	1,114,000 1,439,000	

Also, the City is partially self-insured, through stop-loss insurance, for employee health care coverage, which is available to all of its permanent employees. This insurance provides stop-loss coverage for claims in excess of \$100,000 per employee with an aggregate stop-loss of \$6,393,248. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the aggregate stop-loss was approximately \$5,941,466; otherwise, there was no change in coverage from the prior year. The operating funds are charged premiums by the Loss Reserve Fund. The City reimburses a health insurance provider for actual medical costs incurred, plus a claims processing fee. Changes in the Loss Reserve Fund's claims liability amount for health care coverage for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	Fis	Beginning-of- Fiscal-Year Liability		Current-Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Balance at Fiscal Year-End	
2004 – 2005	\$	663,000	\$	3,577,000	\$	3,851,000	\$	389,000	
2005 - 2006		389,000		5,317,000		5,261,000		445,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

9. Contractual Commitments and Contingencies

The total outstanding contractual commitments as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Fund	Project	Amount	
Bridge, street and traffic control construction	Paving and bridge construction, engineering design and consulting	\$	2,835,615
Other construction	Transportation center construction center		739,970
Water	Water main construction		1,856,161
Parking	Fiber interconnect, Garage Repair & Main.		572,326
Sanitation	Landfill cell construction		459,564
Airport	Runway extension consulting		3,639
Cable TV	Refranchising consulting		44,290
Economic development	Hotel construction		229,531
		<u>\$</u>	6,741,096

10. Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally from claims against the City for alleged improper actions by City employees, with such lawsuits typically involving claims of improper police action, unlawful taking of property by zoning, negligence, appeals of condemnations, and discrimination. Total damages claimed are substantial; however, it has been the City's experience that such actions are settled for amounts substantially less than claimed amounts. The City's management estimates that the potential claims against the City, not covered by various insurance policies, would not materially affect the financial condition of the City. The City has the authority to levy additional taxes (outside the regular limit) to cover uninsured judgments against the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

11. Pension and Retirement Systems

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa

The City is a participating employer in the Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI or the Plan), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public police and fire employees retirement system. All fire fighters and police officers appointed under civil service participate in the Plan. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits that are established under state statute. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa, 2836 104th Street, Urbandale, Iowa 50322. A member may retire at age 55 with 22 years of employment, and receive full benefits that are equal to 66% of the member's average final compensation for a member retiring after July 1, 2000. Additionally, members retiring on or after July 1, 2000, with more than 22 years of service will receive an additional 2% of the member's average final compensation for up to 8 years of additional service. Other benefits are also calculated as varying percentages of the average final compensation. Benefits vest after four years of service.

Member contribution rates are established by statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, members contributed 9.35%. The City's contribution rate is based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate. The normal contribution rate is provided by state statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the Plan less current plan assets, the total then being divided by 1% of the actuarially determined present value of prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions. Legislatively appropriated contributions from the state to the Plan may further reduce the City's contribution rate. However, the City's contribution rate may not be less than 28.21% of earnable compensation.

The City was required to contribute 28.21% of earnable compensation of each member in 2006, 24.92% of earnable compensation in 2005. The contributions paid by the City for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2005, and 2006, were \$1,335,065, \$1,750,377, and \$1,925,332 respectively, and was equal to the required contributions for each year.

Iowa Public Employees Retirement System

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits, which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

All employees, except temporary employees of six months or less of employment duration, who do not participate in any other public retirement system in the state are eligible and must participate in IPERS. The pension plan provides retirement and death benefits that are established by state statute. Generally, a member may retire at the age of 65, or any time after age 62 and 26 years or more of service, or when age plus years of service equals or exceeds 88, and receive unreduced (for age) benefits. Members may also retire at the age of 55 or more at reduced benefits. Benefits vest after four years of service or after attaining the age of 55. Full benefits are equal to 60% of the average of the highest three years of covered wages times years of service divided by 30.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2004, 2005, and 2006, were \$1,240,324, \$1,247,065, and \$1,329,784 respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

12. Post-Employment Benefits

All full-time employees who retire or become disabled are offered the following post-employment benefit options:

Health insurance – The option of continuing with the City's health insurance plan at the individual's own cost.

Life insurance – The option of converting the employee's City-paid policy from term insurance to whole life insurance at the individual's expense with the City's life insurance carrier.

Long-term disability – The option of converting the employee's City-paid group policy to a personal policy at the individual's expense with the City's long-term disability insurance carrier.

The above options, while at the individual's own expense, are included within the City's overall insurance package. Therefore, a portion of the above coverage is being subsidized by the City and its current employees. However, the City cannot reasonably estimate the amount of this subsidy and it is being expensed as incurred by the City.

13. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In August 1993, the GASB issued Statement No. 18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs (the Statement). Under these rules, in addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year.

The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs as of June 30, 2006, is approximately \$8,988,000, which is based on 72% usage (filled) of the landfill and is included in accrued liabilities within the Sanitation Fund. It is estimated that an additional amount of approximately \$4,513,000 will be recognized as closure and postclosure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity by the year ended June 30, 2019. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and postclosure care costs at June 30, 2006, was determined by engineers from Howard R. Green Company and approximated \$12,379,000. It is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2006. These amounts are based on an estimated postclosure care and monitoring period of 30 years, consistent with current State Department of Natural Resources regulations. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

The City is required by federal and state laws and regulations to provide some form of financial assurance to finance closure and postclosure care. The City will meet its financial assurance obligations through the issuance of general obligation bonds. As of June 30, 2006, the Sanitation Fund had \$9,571,691 in related equity in pooled cash and investments, at fair value designated for satisfaction of postclosure costs. The City estimates that these cash reserves will only provide a fraction of the dollars needed to close and monitor the landfill. The remaining portion of postclosure care costs, anticipated future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users as well as City taxpayers.

14. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued four statements not yet implemented by the City. The statements, which might impact the City are as follows:

Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans issued April 2004, will be effective for the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. This statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans and supersedes the interim guidance included in Statement No. 26. This statement affects reporting by administrators or trustees of OPEB plan assets or by employers or sponsors that include OPEB plan assets as trust or agency funds in their financial reports.

Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions issued June 2004, will be effective for the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of (OPEB) expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits issued June 2005, establishes accounting standards for termination benefits. For termination benefits provided through an existing defined benefit OPEB plan, the provisions of this Statement should be implemented simultaneously with the requirements of Statement 45.

Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues issued September 2006, will be effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. This statement establishes standards for transactions in which a government receives, or is entitled to, resources in exchange for future cash flows generated by collecting specific receivables or specific future revenues. It also establishes standards that apply to all intra-entity transfers of assets and future revenues.

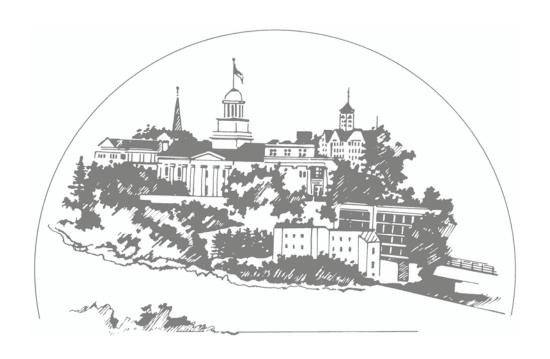
The City's management has not yet determined the effect these statements will have on the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

June 30, 2006

15. Subsequent events

On September 15, 2006 the City of Iowa City received and awarded capital loan notes for General Obligation Refunding Capital Loan Notes, Series 2006C in the amount of \$3,350,000. The notes were issued to current refund, on September 22, 2006, \$3,300,000 of the City's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997A, dated November 1, 1997.



City of Iowa City, Iowa

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Enterprise Funds - Budgetary Basis

Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

(dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

	F	overnmental und Types aal Budgetary Basis	Enterprise Fund Types Actual Budgetary Basis	Total Actual Budgetary Basis
Revenues:				
Property Tax	\$	36,698	\$ -	\$ 36,698
Tax increment financing taxes		976	-	976
Other city taxes		1,274	-	1,274
Licenses and permits		1,286	4	1,290
Intergovernmental		14,852	8,777	23,629
Charges for services		3,924	31,899	35,823
Use of money and property		1,694	2,561	4,255
Miscellaneous		2,645	1,781	4,426
Total revenues		63,349	45,022	108,371
Expenditures/Expenses:				
Public safety		16,187	-	16,187
Public works		9,625	-	9,625
Culture and recreation		9,450	-	9,450
Community and economic development		7,411	-	7,411
General government		6,471	-	6,471
Debt service		11,299	-	11,299
Capital outlay		12,971	-	12,971
Business-type		-	40,019	40,019
Total expenditures/expenses		73,414	40,019	113,433
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures/expenses		(10,065)	5,003	(5,062)
Other financing sources, net		10,253	(2,588)	7,665
Net change in fund balances		188	2,415	2,603
Balances, beginning of year		37,364	71,233	108,597
Balances, end of year		37,552	73,648	111,200

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Budgeted Amounts

Original	Einel	Final to Actual Variance - Positive (Negative)				
 Original	Final	(Neg	gauve)			
\$ 36,460	\$ 36,460	\$	238			
837	837		139			
1,322	1,385		(111)			
1,250	1,251		39			
23,166	26,788		(3,159)			
36,717	36,632		(809)			
1,806	2,170		2,085			
 3,725	4,569		(143)			
105,283	110,092		(1,721)			
16,128	17,591		1,404			
9,651	10,800		1,175			
9,756	10,732		1,282			
4,907	8,690		1,279			
6,933	7,042		571			
11,436	11,436		137			
15,463	24,765		11,794			
 44,616	46,610		6,591			
118,890	137,666		24,233			
(13,607)	(27,574)		22,512			
 8,949	9,189		(1,524)			
(4,658)	(18,385)		20,988			
 97,984	107,960					
 93,326	89,575	l				

City of Iowa City, Iowa Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental Fund Types

		Governmentar i unu Types									
			Accrual	Modified Accrual							
	E	Budget Basis	Adjustments	Basis							
Revenues	\$	63,349 \$	(193)	\$ 63,156							
Expenditures		73,414	(1,204)	72,210							
Net		(10,065)	1,011	(9,054)							
Other financing sources (uses)		10,253	(2,763)	7,490							
Beginning Fund Balances	\$	37,364 \$	(3,847)	\$ 33,517							
Ending Fund Balances	\$	37,552 \$	(5,599)	\$ 31,953							

Enterprise Fund Types

	Enterprise Fund Types									
			Acc	crual	Accrual					
		Budget Basis	Adjus	stments	Basis					
Revenues	\$	45,022	\$	(6,119) \$	38,903					
Expenditures		40,019		(5,835)	34,184					
Net		5,003		(284)	4,719					
Other financing sources (uses)		(2,588)		9,986	7,398					
Beginning Fund Balances		71,233	\$	129,521	200,754					
Ending Fund Balances	\$	73,648	\$	139,223 \$	212,871					

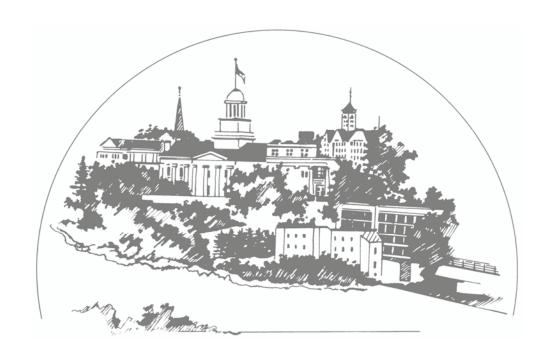
See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

City of Iowa City, Iowa Note to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

In accordance with Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing which includes all funds, except internal service funds and agency funds. The budget basis of accounting is cash basis. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon nine major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These nine functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital outlay and business-type. The legal level control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level.

During the year, budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$18,776,000. The budget amendments were primarily due to changes in breadth and timing of capital improvement projects as well as changes necessitated by emergency protective measures, clean-up costs and uninsured losses from a tornado.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues derived from specific sources that are required to be accounted for as separate funds. The funds in this category and their purpose are as follows:

Other Shared Revenue and Grants Fund – accounts for revenue from various sources, primarily road use tax monies from the State of Iowa and reimbursable programs funded by federal and state grants.

Economic Development Fund – accounts for revenue and expenditures of economic development activities.

Johnson County Council of Governments Fund – accounts for the financial activities of the metropolitan/rural cooperative planning organization.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other major fixed assets, with the exception of those that are financed by proprietary fund monies. The fund in this category is as follows:

Other Construction Fund – accounts for the construction or replacement of other City general fixed assets, such as administrative buildings with various funding sources, including general obligation bonds, intergovernmental revenues and contributions.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

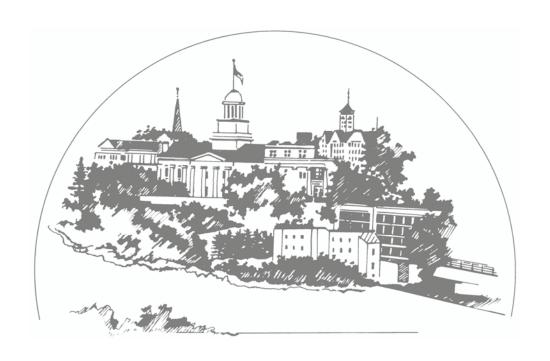
June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Spec	cial Revenu			Capital Projects			
		Other Shared Revenue and <u>Grants</u>		Economic Development		Johnson County Council of Governments		Other	Total	
Assets										
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	2,568	\$	557	\$	26	\$	693	\$	3,844
Property tax Accounts and unbilled usage Interest		- - 46		1 - 9		-		3 48		1 3 103
Notes		383		-		-		46		383
Due from other governments		421		-		37		186		644
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments		4						9,258		9,262
Total assets	\$	3,422	\$	567	\$	63	\$	10,188	<u>\$</u>	14,240
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	6	\$	-	\$	-	\$	275	\$	281
Contracts payable Accrued liabilities		4		-		- 17		535 1		535 22
Advances from other funds		247		-		-		-		247
Deferred revenue		383				<u>-</u>		136		519
Total liabilities		640				17		947		1,604
Fund balances: Reserved for:										
Encumbrances Unreserved		-		-		-		273		273
Designated for future improvements Undesignated		2,782		567		46		8,968		8,968 3,395
Total fund balances		2,782		567		46		9,241		12,636
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,422	\$	567	\$	63	\$	10,188	\$	14,240

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Spec			Capital Projects				
		Other Shared Revenue and Grants		Economic Development		Johnson County Council of Governments		Other		Total
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	977	\$	-	\$	-	\$	977
Intergovernmental		5,391		500		251		853		6,995
Use of money and property		39		44		-		224		307
Miscellaneous		51				48		221		320
Total revenues		5,481		1,521		299		1,298		8,599
Expenditures										
Current:										
Public safety		-		-		-		17		17
Public works		2		-		-		72		74
Culture and recreation								217		217
Community and economic		1.4.4		0.560		500		7.6		2.270
development		144		2,562		588		76		3,370
General government		104				7		87 2.539		87
Capital outlay		104			-	7		2,538	_	2,649
Total expenditures		250		2,562		595		3,007	_	6,414
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		5,231		(1,041)		(296)		(1,709)	_	2,185
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of bonds		-		-		-		6,265		6,265
Premium (discount) on issuance of bonds		-		-		-		35		35
Transfers in		228		-		294		667		1,189
Transfers out		(7,195)						(4,262)		(11,457)
Total other financing sources										
and (uses)		(6,967)				294		2,705	_	(3,968)
Net change in fund balances		(1,736)		(1,041)		(2)		996		(1,783)
Fund Balances, Beginning		4,518		1,608		48		8,245		14,419
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	2,782	\$	567	\$	46	\$	9,241	\$	12,636



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds account for operations and activities of the City that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, and where the costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis are expected to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The funds in this category are as follows:

Parking Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the "on" and "off" street public parking facilities.

Airport Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the airport facility.

Stormwater Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the stormwater operation.

Cable Television Fund – accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Broadband Telecommunications Commission that oversees the franchise agreement with the cable television company, including production and broadcasting on the government television channels.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Parking	Airport	Stormwater	Cable Television	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 2,514	\$ 78	\$ 767	\$ 862	\$ 4,221
Accounts and unbilled usage	152	-	65	164	381
Interest	81	2	11	12	106
Notes	225	-	-	-	225
Due from other governments		88			88
Total current assets	2,972	168	843	1,038	5,021
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	1,317	7	-	-	1,324
Capital assets:					
Land	3,938	8,034	2,130	-	14,102
Buildings	25,039	3,494	-	741	29,274
Improvements other than buildings	-	408	-	-	408
Machinery and equipment	404	184	127	106	821
Infrastructure	-	1,860	28,874	-	30,734
Accumulated depreciation	(10,857)		(5,004)	(206)	(19,048)
Construction in progress	142	1,489			1,631
Total noncurrent assets	19,983	12,495	26,127	641	59,246
Total assets	22,955	12,663	26,970	1,679	64,267
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	37	15	2	1	55
Contracts payable	144	49	-	-	193
Accrued liabilities	132	8	6	46	192
Advances from other funds	-	1,224	-	-	1,224
Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts)	645				645
Total current liabilities	958	1,296	8	47	2,309
Noncurrent liabilities: Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Interest payable	319	_	_	_	319
Deposits	4	9	_	-	13
Bonded debt payable (net of unamortized discounts)	10,308	-	-	-	10,308
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,631	9			10,640
Total liabilities	11,589	1,305	8	47	12,949
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8,902	12,488	26,127	641	48,158
Restricted by bond ordinance	1,271	12, 100	20,127	541	1,271
Restricted for future improvements	42	_	_	_	42
Unrestricted	1,151	(1,130)	835	991	1,847
Total net assets	\$ 11,366	\$ 11,358	\$ 26,962	\$ 1,632	\$ 51,318

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Parking	Airport	Stormwater	Cable Television	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,936	\$ 264	\$ 597	\$ 718	\$ 5,515
Miscellaneous	82	9	1	1	93
Total operating revenues	4,018	273	598	719	5,608
Operating Expenses:					
Personal services	1,499	69	116	432	2,116
Commodities	101	59	20	19	199
Services and charges	780	218	136	82	1,216
	2,380	346	272	533	3,531
Depreciation	819	162	545	37	1,563
Total operating expenses	3,199	508	817	570	5,094
Operating income (loss)	819	(235)	(219)	149	514
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Gain on disposal of equipment	-	13	-	-	13
Interest income	143	3	27	31	204
Interest expense	(656)				(656)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(513)	16	27	31	(439)
Income (loss) before transfers	306	(219)	(192)	180	75
Capital contributions	_	1,125	468	-	1,593
Transfers in	-	243	674	-	917
Transfers out	(200)		(112)	(163)	(475)
Change in net assets	106	1,149	838	17	2,110
Net Assets, Beginning	11,260	10,209	26,124	1,615	49,208
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 11,366	\$ 11,358	\$ 26,962	\$ 1,632	\$ 51,318

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	P	arking	_	Airport	Stormwater	Cable Television	_	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,989	\$	302	\$ 592	\$ 719	\$	5,602
Payments to suppliers		(955)		(270)	(166)	(103)		(1,494)
Payments to employees		(1,484)		(68)	(116)	(426)		(2,094)
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,550		(36)	310	190	_	2,014
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers from other funds		-		243	674	-		917
Transfers to other funds		(200)		-	(112)	(163)		(475)
Repayment of advances from other funds		-		(35)	-	-		(35)
Repayment of notes receivable	-	25						25
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		(175)	_	208	562	(163)		432
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Capital grants received		_		1,125	_	_		1,125
Acquisition and construction of property and equipment		(74)		(1,255)	(654)	(2)		(1,985)
Proceeds from sale of property		-		13	-	-		13
Principal paid on bonded debt		(616)		-	-	-		(616)
Interest paid on bonded debt		(661)		-	-	-		(661)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing								
activities		(1,351)	_	(117)	(654)	(2)	_	(2,124)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities								
Interest on investments		109		2	21	27		159
	_			<u>=</u> .				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		133		57	239	52		481
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		3,698	_	28	528	810	_	5,064
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	3,831	\$	85	\$ 767	\$ 862	\$	5,545
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash flows from operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	819	\$	(235)	\$ (219)	\$ 149	\$	514
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation expense		819		162	545	37		1,563
Changes in:		019		102	545	31		1,303
Receivables:								
Accounts and unbilled usage		(31)		_	(6)	_		(37)
Due from other governments		-		29	-	-		29
Accounts payable		(74)		7	(10)	(2)		(79)
Accrued liabilities		15		1	-	6		22
Deposits		2		_				2
Total adjustments	_	731	_	199	529	41	_	1,500
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,550	\$	(36)	\$ 310	\$ 190	\$	2,014
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:	¢.		¢.	1 105	Φ 460	ф	¢.	1.502
Contributions of capital assets from government and others	\$	-	\$	1,125	\$ 468	\$ -	\$	1,593

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for goods and services provided by one department to other City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The funds in this category are:

Equipment Maintenance Fund – accounts for the provision of maintenance for City vehicles and equipment and vehicle rental to other City departments from a central vehicle pool.

Central Services Fund – accounts for the support services of photocopying, paper supplies, mail, overnight shipping, and two-way radios provided to other City departments.

Loss Reserve Fund – accounts for the property, liability, Workers' Compensation and health insurance premiums and claims activity for City departments, including the self-insured retention portion.

Information Technology Fund – accounts for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with telecommunications and data processing, including the operation and replacement of equipment.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Equipment Maintenance	Central Services	Loss Reserve		
Assets					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,311	\$ 369	\$ 5,067	\$ 2,253	\$ 12,000
Receivables:					
Interest	66	6	83	37	192
Due from other governments	38	-	-	-	38
Inventories	263				263
Total current assets	4,678	375	5,150	2,290	12,493
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	45	-	-	-	45
Buildings	578	-	-	253	831
Improvements other than buildings	50	-	-	-	50
Machinery and equipment	10,568	264	-	1,361	12,193
Infrastructure	-	-	-	940	940
Accumulated depreciation	(6,897)	(170)		(1,121)	(8,188)
Total noncurrent assets	4,344	94		1,433	5,871
Total assets	9,022	469	5,150	3,723	18,364
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	123	6	521	19	669
Accrued liabilities	88	2	1,895	64	2,049
Total liabilities	211	8	2,416	83	2,718
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,344	94	-	1,433	5,871
Unrestricted	4,467	367	2,734	2,207	9,775
Total net assets	\$ 8,811	<u>\$ 461</u>	\$ 2,734	\$ 3,640	\$ 15,646

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Equipment Maintenance	Central Services	Loss Reserve	Information Technology	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,615	\$ 286	\$ 6,837	\$ 1,689	\$ 12,427
Total operating revenues	3,615	286	6,837	1,689	12,427
Operating Expenses:					
Personal services	736	31	197	669	1,633
Commodities	1,483	15	60	342	1,900
Services and charges	247	204	7,082	533	8,066
	2,466	250	7,339	1,544	11,599
Depreciation	1,074	34		234	1,342
Total operating expenses	3,540	284	7,339	1,778	12,941
Operating income (loss)	75	2	(502)	(89)	(514)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):					
Gain on disposal of equipment	60	-	-	4	64
Interest income	161	15	201	102	479
Total nonoperating revenues	221	15	201	106	543
Income before capital contributions					
Income before transfers	296	17	(301)	17	29
Transfers in	254	-	-	1	255
Transfers out	(3)				(3)
Change in net assets	547	17	(301)	18	281
Net Assets, Beginning	8,264	444	3,035	3,622	15,365
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 8,811	\$ 461	\$ 2,734	\$ 3,640	\$ 15,646

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Equipment Maintenance		Central Services		Loss Reserve		Information Technology		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities											
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,623	\$	286	\$	6,933	\$	1,689	\$	12,531	
Payments to suppliers		(1,818)		(215)		(7,085)		(909)		(10,027)	
Payments to employees		(723)		(31)	_	189		(655)		(1,220)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,082		40		37		125		1,284	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities											
Transfers from other funds		254		_		-		1		255	
Operating transfers to other funds		(3)		_		_		_		(3)	
Net cash flows from noncapital financing											
activities		251		<u>-</u>				1		252	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Acquisition and construction of property											
and equipment		(918)		(12)		_		(18)		(948)	
Proceeds from sale of property		60		-		_		4		64	
Net cash flows from capital and related											
financing activities		(858)		(12)		_		(14)		(884)	
imateing activities		(050)		(12)				(11)		(001)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities											
Interest on investments		137		12		166		89		404	
Net increase in cash and cash											
equivalents		612		40		203		201		1,056	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		3,699		329		4,864		2,052		10,944	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	4,311	\$	369	\$	5,067	\$	2,253	\$	12,000	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:											
Operating income (loss)	\$	75	\$	2	\$	(502)	\$	(89)	\$	(514)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income											
(loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:											
Depreciation expense		1,074		34		_		234		1,342	
Changes in:		1,07.								1,0 .=	
Receivables:											
Accounts and unbilled usage		-		-		96		-		96	
Due from other governments		8		-		-		-		8	
Inventories		(23)		-		-		-		(23)	
Accounts payable		(65)		4		57		(34)		(38)	
Accrued liabilities		13		<u> </u>		386		14		413	
Total adjustments		1,007		38		539		214		1,798	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,082	\$	40	\$	37	\$	125	\$	1,284	

AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee or custodial capacity for other entities, such as individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units. The funds in this category are:

Project Green Fund – accounts for donations that are received to plant and develop yards and lawns, both public and private, within Iowa City.

Library Foundation – accounts for donations that are made to support the library development office.

Parks and Recreation Foundation – accounts for donations that are received for park improvements.

PATV – accounts for investments made on behalf of Public Access Television.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

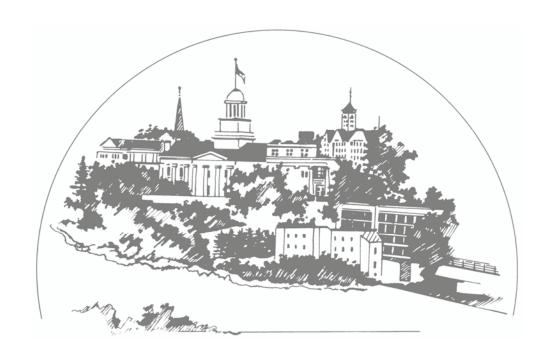
Project Green	Balance July 1, 2005		Increases		_De	ecreases	Balance June 30, 2006		
Assets									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	203	\$	99	\$	61	\$	241	
Interest receivable	Ψ	2	Ψ	4	Ψ	2	Ψ	4	
Total assets	\$	205	\$	103	\$	63	\$	245	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	6	\$	54	\$	6	\$	54	
Due to agency		199		49		57		191	
Total liabilities	\$	205	\$	103	\$	63	\$	245	
Library Foundation									
Assets									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	-	\$	2	\$	-	\$	2	
Accounts receivable		16		4		16		4	
	\$	16	\$	6	\$	16	\$	6	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	12	\$	1	\$	12	\$	1	
Accrued liabilities		3		4		3		4	
Due to agency		1		1		1		1	
Total liabilities	\$	16	\$	6	\$	16	\$	6	
Parks and Recreation Foundation									
Assets									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	51	\$	1	\$	-	\$	52	
Interest receivable	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$	1	
Total assets	\$	51	\$	2	\$		\$	53	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	51	\$	2	\$		\$	53	

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (continued) AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 lance 1, 2005	In	creases_	_D	ecreases		Balance e 30, 2006
PATV							
Assets							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 99	\$	115	\$	98	\$	116
Interest receivable	 1		2		1	_	2
	\$ 100	<u>\$</u>	117	<u>\$</u>	99	\$	118
Liabilities							
Due to agency	\$ 100	\$	117	\$	99	\$	118
Total Agency Funds							
Assets							
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 353	\$	217	\$	159	\$	411
Accounts receivable	16		4		16		4
Interest receivable	 3		7		3	_	7
Total assets	\$ 372	\$	228	<u>\$</u>	178	\$	422
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 69	\$	57	\$	18	\$	108
Accrued liabilities	3		4		3		4
Due to agency	 300		167		157		310
Total liabilities	\$ 372	\$	228	\$	178	\$	422



Statistical Section

This part of the City of Iowa City's comprehensive annual financial report represents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	93
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	98
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	103
Demographic and Economic Information These schedule offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	111
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	114

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.



NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Four Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal	l Year	
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 73,447	\$ 67,090	\$ 84,768	\$ 95,227
Restricted	22,499	17,705	16,973	6,852
Unrestricted	16,926	11,700	3,793	10,827
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 112,872	\$ 96,495	\$ 105,534	\$ 112,906
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 111,487	\$ 150,817	\$ 150,797	\$ 155,346
Restricted	24,420	14,932	15,038	15,682
Unrestricted	33,339	36,246	40,780	42,988
Total business-type activites net assets	\$ 169,246	\$ 201,995	\$ 206,615	\$ 214,016
Primary government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 184,934	\$ 217,907	\$ 235,565	\$ 250,573
Restricted	46,919	32,637	32,011	22,534
Unrestricted	50,265	47,946	44,573	53,815
Total primary government net assets	\$ 282,118	\$ 298,490	\$ 312,149	\$ 326,922

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Four Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				1 Year				
		2003		2004 2005				2006
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
Public Safety	\$	13,844	\$	15,015	\$	15,286	\$	16,690
Public Works		11,539		10,423		11,521		12,723
Culture and recreation		10,131		12,051		11,341		11,458
Community and economic development		3,133		2,580		6,960		6,264
General government		6,251		6,527		6,500		6,892
Debt Service		3,662		3,440		3,602		3,404
Total governmental activities expenses		48,560		50,036		55,210		57,431
Business-type activities:								
Wastewater		12,086		12,344		12,214		11,710
Water		7,861		8,011		8,313		9,324
Sanitation		4,082		6,103		6,031		6,101
Housing Authority		6,519		7,219		7,466		7,026
Parking		3,554		3,898		3,989		3,884
Airport		431		515		520		512
Stormwater				652		1,452		817
Cable Television		687		549		607		576
Total business-type activities expenses		35,220		39,291		40,592		39,950
Total primary government expenses	\$	83,780	\$	89,327	\$	95,802	\$	97,381
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services	\$	6,378	\$	6,102	\$	6,139	\$	6,296
Operating grants and contributions		2,965		2,150		2,592		2,937
Capital grants and contributions		2,205		6,198		7,679		3,849
Total governmental activities program revenues		11,548		14,450		16,410		13,082
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Wastewater		12,445		12,580		12,145		12,145
Water		9,677		9,164		8,602		9,012
Sanitation		6,531		7,111		7,154		7,133
Housing Authority		221		219		181		168
Parking		3,636		4,011		4,045		3,936
Airport		180		213		220		264
Stormwater		-		104		592		597
Cable Television		298		673		708		718
Capital grants and contributions: Wastewater		1,077		968		761		773
Capital grants and contributions: Water		640		452		588		606
Capital grants and contributions: Sanitation		-		-		-		46
Capital grants and contributions: Airport		-		116		283		1,125
Capital grants and contributions: Stormwater		-		717		755		468
Operating grants and contributions: Housing Authority		6,291		6,950		7,012		7,414
Operating grants and contributions: Water		131						
Operating grants and contributions: Airport		36						
Operating grants and contributions: Sanitation	_	201		9				3
Total business-type activities program revenues		41,364		43,287		43,046		44,408
Total primary government revenues	\$	52,912	\$	57,737	\$	59,456	\$	57,490

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (continued)

Last Four Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year									
		2003		2004		2005		2006			
Net (Expense) / Revenues											
Governmental activities	\$	(37,012)	\$	(35,586)	\$	(38,800)	\$	(44,349)			
Business-type activities		6,144		3,996		2,454		4,458			
Total primary government net expense	\$	(30,868)	\$	(31,590)	\$	(36,346)	\$	(39,891)			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets											
Governmental activities:											
General revenues:											
Property taxes	\$	32,257	\$	34,173	\$	35,327	\$	37,770			
Road use tax		5,144		5,311		5,269		5,303			
Other taxes		1,399		1,609		1,351		1,240			
Earnings on investments		1,207		1,056		1,576		2,678			
Miscellaneous		3,174		3,746		3,994		4,422			
Gain on sale of assets		(1,726)		65		95		100			
Transfers		1,444		(1,840)		645		208			
Total governmental activities		42,899		44,120		48,257		51,721			
Business-type activities:											
General revenues:											
Earnings on investments		1,305		991		1,771		2,575			
Gain on sale of assets		315		1,009		304		185			
Miscellaneous		994		335		418		391			
Transfers		(1,444)		1,840		(645)		(208)			
Total business-type activities		1,170		4,175		1,848		2,943			
Total primary government	\$	44,069	\$	48,295	\$	50,105	\$	54,664			
Change in Net Assets											
Governmental activites	\$	5,887	\$	8,534	\$	9,457	\$	7,372			
Business-type activites	_	7,314		8,171		4,302		7,401			
Total primary government	\$	13,201	\$	16,705	\$	13,759	\$	14,773			

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Four Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		
General Fund						<u></u>				
Reserved	\$	1,094	\$	396	\$	362	\$	570		
Unreserved		13,012		14,301		15,525		16,551		
Total general fund	\$	14,106	\$	14,697	\$	15,887	\$	17,121		
All other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$	11,536	\$	1,677	\$	2,198	\$	1,592		
Designated for long-term debt		4,448		6,930		3,067		2,725		
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds		3,819		9,379		6,222		3,422		
Captal projects funds		1,047		3,882		6,143		7,093		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	20,850	\$	21,868	\$	17,630	\$	14,832		

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Four Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal	l Year		
	 2003	 2004		2005	2006
Revenues:					
Property taxes and assessments	\$ 31,966	\$ 35,538	\$	36,677	\$ 39,011
Licenses and permits	961	1,361		1,255	1,279
Intergovernmental	12,193	12,058		15,546	14,260
Charges for services	4,674	3,240		3,301	2,227
Use of money and property	997	1,002		1,354	2,203
Miscellaneous	2,558	4,377		4,121	4,176
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 53,349	\$ 57,576	\$	62,254	\$ 63,156
Expenditures					
Current					
Public safety	\$ 13,115	\$ 14,025	\$	14,601	\$ 15,819
Public works	8,149	9,156		9,698	10,351
Culture and recreation	8,061	9,392		9,183	10,122
Community and economic development	3,715	3,486		6,375	4,698
General government	5,887	6,080		6,282	6,510
Debt service					
Principal	4,742	5,172		9,349	6,099
Interest	3,683	3,336		3,676	3,458
Capital projects	20,095	16,065		13,939	15,153
Total expenditures	\$ 67,447	\$ 66,712	\$	73,103	\$ 72,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$ (14,098)	\$ (9,136)	\$	(10,849)	\$ (9,054)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Issuance of long-term debt	\$ 10,600	\$ 12,875	\$	7,020	\$ 7,265
Sale of capital assets	-	384		406	109
Issuance of note payable	_	-		211	-
Premium (discount) on issuance of bonds	93	(19)		43	29
Payment of refunded bonds	(6,415)				
Transfers in	15,172	14,614		15,776	21,627
Transfers out	(14,554)	(16,733)		(15,237)	(21,540)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 4,896	\$ 11,121	\$	8,219	\$ 7,490
Net change in fund balances	\$ (9,202)	\$ 1,985	\$	(2,630)	\$ (1,564)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	17.8%	16.8%		22.0%	16.7%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property Tax Road Use Tax				Hotel/	Motel Tax	<u>Total</u>		
1997	\$	19,659	\$	4,253	\$	427	\$ 24,339		
1998		20,635		4,087		501	25,223		
1999		22,153		4,575		570	27,298		
2000		24,271		4,928		554	29,753		
2001		27,071		4,852		497	32,420		
2002		28,623		5,077		646	34,346		
2003		31,966		5,103		559	37,628		
2004		35,538		5,311		580	41,429		
2005		36,677		5,269		611	42,557		
2006		39,011		5,303		674	44,988		

ASSESSED AND TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	Asse E	Taxable Property Assessed Value/ Estimated Actual Value		Exempt perty Value	To	tal Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>]	Total Direct ax Rate
1997	\$	2,373,523	\$	114,154	\$	2,259,369	\$	12.653
1998		2,423,557		123,068	\$	2,300,489		13.050
1999		2,597,827		128,115		2,469,712		13.133
2000		2,699,944		136,493		2,563,451		13.851
2001		2,920,580		137,713		2,782,867		14.757
2002		2,975,254		152,991		2,822,263		14.850
2003		3,214,973		155,407		3,059,566		16.813
2004		3,322,001		176,188		3,145,813		17.596
2005		3,829,754		181,186		3,648,568		17.314
2006		3,946,328		183,799		3,762,529		17.729

Source: City of Iowa City Assessor's Office

Notes:

Property is reassessed in the odd numbered years to make adjustments to all property values, according to current market values.

As per the Code of Iowa, all real and tangible personal property subject to taxation shall be valued at its actual value and, except as otherwise provided, shall be reassessed at 100% of its actual value, and the value so assessed shall be taken and considered as the assessed value and taxable value of the property upon which the levy shall be made.

Taxable property includes real property, buildings and structures, industrial plant and fixtures, commercial equipment assessed as real property and utilities distribution property.

Exempt property includes all property that is owned by religious and educational institutions, charitable and benevolent societies, low-rent housing and associations for war veterans. Each must apply for property tax exempt status with the City Assessor, who determines if the property qualifies under state guidelines. Exempt property is assessed each year like other taxable property. Property owned by governmental entities is not taxable and is not included in "Exempt Property."

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(per \$1,000 assessed valuation)

							Overlapping Rates									Total
		C	ity o	of Iowa City			i		I	lowa City		Kirkwood			Ι	Direct &
Fiscal	Op	perating	De	bt Service	7	Total City		Johnson		School		Community		State of	Ov	erlapping
<u>Year</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>Millage</u>		<u>Millage</u>		<u>Millage</u>		County ¹		District		<u>College</u>		<u>Iowa</u>		Rates
1997	\$	11.453	\$	1.200	\$	12.653	\$	5.515	\$	12.130	\$	0.589	\$	0.005	\$	30.892
1998		11.346		1.704		13.050		5.414		12.220		0.595		0.005		31.284
1999		11.265		1.868		13.133		5.747		12.075		0.567		0.005		31.527
2000		11.551		2.300		13.851		5.947		11.696		0.613		0.005		32.112
2001		11.767		2.990		14.757		5.901		11.833		0.607		0.005		33.104
2002		11.905		2.945		14.850		5.802		11.540		0.607		0.005		32.803
2003		12.652		4.161		16.813		6.061		12.210		0.666		0.004		35.754
2004		13.026		4.570		17.596		6.102		12.865		0.679		0.004		37.247
2005		13.360		3.954		17.314		6.166		12.875		0.668		0.004		37.027
2006		13.580		4.149		17.729		6.391		13.582		0.649		0.004		38.355

Source: "Tax Levies for Johnson County, Iowa," compiled by the Johnson County Auditor.

Note:

¹Includes Johnson County, City of Iowa City Assessor, and Agricultural Extension levies.

PROPERTY TAX BUDGETS AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Cash basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Collection <u>Year</u>	Total Tax <u>Levied</u>	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy <u>Collected</u>	Delinquent Tax <u>Collections</u>	Total Tax Collections	Total as a Percent of Levy
1997	\$ 19,766	\$ 19,765	100.0 %	\$ 17	\$ 19,782	100.1 %
1998	20,807	20,521	98.6	8	20,529	98.7
1999	21,735	21,842	100.5	22	21,864	100.6
2000	23,945	23,989	100.2	5	23,994	100.2
2001	26,089	25,684	98.4	31	25,715	98.6
2002	27,920	28,423	101.8	5	28,428	101.8
2003	31,975	31,863	99.6	16	31,879	99.7
2004	34,073	34,009	99.8	23	34,032	99.9
2005	34,403	34,814	101.2	15	34,829	101.2
2006	36,460	36,654	100.5	44	36,698	100.7

Source: City of Iowa City Assessor's Office

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		1997				2006			
		-			% of Total			% of Total	
		Т	axable		Assessed	Taxable		Assessed	
<u>Ten largest taxpayers</u> ¹	Type of Business		Valuation		Valuation	Valuation	Rank	k <u>Valuation</u>	
Mid-American Energy Company ² ACT Inc. (formerly American College	Public Gas and Electric Utility	\$	56,205	1	2.62 %	\$ 42,557	1	1.28 %	
Testing Program)	Educational Testing Service		15,088	7	0.70	27,941	2	0.84	
Jame A Clark	Apartments		19,980	4	0.93	26,870	3	0.81	
Southgate Development Company	Real Estate Developer		16,633	6	0.77	21,873	4	0.66	
NCS Pearson	Information Services		16,875	5	0.79	15,728	5	0.47	
Raycal Iowa LTD	Apartments		-	-	0.00	12,924	6	0.39	
United Natural Foods	Wholesale Distribution Company		-	-	0.00	12,716	7	0.38	
MEHSM LC (Sycamore Mall)	Shopping Mall		-	-	0.00	12,588	8	0.38	
MIP Iowa City LLC (Sheraton Hotel)	Hotel		-	-	0.00	10,982	9	0.33	
Proctor & Gamble LLC	Manufacturing Company		23,938	2	1.12	10,841	10	0.33	
Heitman Properties	Old Capitol Mall Shopping Center		22,126	3	1.03	-	-	-	
United Technologies Automotive	Automotive Products Manufacturing		13,013	8	0.61	-	-	-	
Release International	Paper Manufacturing		12,960	9	0.60	-	-	-	
Gillette-Canad (Oral-B)	Brush Manufacturing		12,955	10	0.60				
Total		\$	209,773		9.77 %	\$ 195,020		5.87 %	

Sources:

¹City of Iowa City Assessor's Office - 2004 Annual Report - Assessment January 1, 2004 - Payable 2006

²State Department of Revenue

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental	Activities	Business-Type Activities		_		
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Capital Loan <u>Note</u>	General Obligation Revenue Bonds Bonds		Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income¹</u>	Per <u>Capita¹</u>
1997	\$ 13,986,169	\$ 260,000	\$ 17,143,831	\$ 67,150,000	\$ 98,540,000	3.20%	1638.292
1998	20,577,000	195,000	20,902,991	65,270,000	106,944,991	3.25%	1778.031
1999	27,203,023	130,000	18,831,977	78,990,000	125,155,000	3.59%	2080.784
2000	24,363,329	65,000	16,761,671	89,375,000	130,565,000	3.42%	2170.729
2001	46,697,343		14,867,657	111,245,000	172,810,000	4.39%	2777.403
2002	72,198,652		13,061,348	141,410,000	226,670,000	5.56%	3643.041
2003	71,641,169		11,358,831	120,310,000	203,310,000	4.84%	3259.218
2004	79,344,600		9,640,400	115,710,000	204,695,000	4.55%	3281.42
2005	77,015,379		8,274,622	110,930,000	196,220,001	4.14%	3145.559
2006	78,181,155		6,878,845	105,915,000	190,975,000	3.83%	3036.796

Notes:

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

Population and personal income information can be found on page 111.

RATIOS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT 1 TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Assessed <u>Value²</u>	Gross Bonded Debt	Debt Payable from <u>Proprietary</u>		Debt Service Fund Balance	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to <u>Assessed Value</u>	Net Bonded Debt <u>Per Capita³</u>	
1997	\$ 2,373,523	\$ 31,390	\$	17,144	\$ 643	\$ 13,603	5.73:1000	\$ 226	
1998	2,423,557	41,675		20,903	616	20,156	8.32:1000	335	
1999	2,597,827	46,165		18,832	347	26,986	10.39:1000	449	
2000	2,699,944	41,190		16,762	192	24,236	8.98:1000	403	
2001	2,920,580	61,565		14,868	494	46,203	15.82:1000	743	
2002	2,975,254	85,260		13,061	464	71,735	24.12:1000	1,153	
2003	3,214,973	83,000		11,359	4,448	67,193	20.90:1000	1,077	
2004	3,322,001	85,085		9,640	6,930	68,515	20.62:1000	1,098	
2005	3,829,754	85,290		8,275	3,067	73,948	19.31:1000	1,185	
2006	3,946,328	85,060		6,879	2,725	75,456	19.12:1000	1,200	

Notes:

¹General Obligation bonds. ²Obtained from the City of Iowa City Assessor's Office.

³Population data can be found on page 111.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES $^{\rm 1}$

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	<u>Princ</u> i	<u>ipal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		Total <u>Debt Service</u>	Total General Governmental Expenditures and Transfers	Ratio of Debt Service to General <u>Expenditures</u>
1997	\$	1,499	\$ 464	\$	1,963	\$ 45,690	.04:1.00
1998		1,988	739	1	2,727	47,311	.06:1.00
1999		2,452	1,038		3,490	45,851	.08:1.00
2000		2,918	1,360	ı	4,278	52,727	.08:1.00
2001		3,541	1,763		5,304	53,898	.10:1.00
2002		3,599	2,136		5,735	53,462	.11:1.00
2003 ²		4,742	3,683		8,425	82,001	.10:1.00
2004		5,172	3,336		8,508	83,445	.10:1.00
2005		9,349	3,676		13,025	88,342	.15:1.00
2006		6,099	3,458		9,557	93,360	.10:1.00

Notes:

¹General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund.

² Beginning in FY03, Capital Projects Funds are also included.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

June 30, 2006

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita)

Name of Governmental Unit	Lo Bo	tal General ong-Term onded Debt utstanding	% Applicable to the City of Iowa City	Amount Applicable to the City of Lowa City	Per Capita		
City of Iowa City	\$	85,060	100.00%	\$ 85,060	\$	1,367	
Iowa City Community							
School District		34,080	61.20%	20,857		334	
Total	\$	119,140		\$ 105,917	<u>\$</u>	1,702	
Per capita assessed value					\$	62,753	

Source: Johnson County Auditor's Office

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Iowa City. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	2000	<u>2001</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Debt Limit	\$ 107,326	\$ 109,258	\$ 118,676	\$ 121,178	\$ 129,891	\$ 134,997	\$ 146,029	\$ 148,763	\$ 160,749	\$ 186,630
Total net debt applicable to limit	31,390	41,675	46,165	41,190	61,565	85,260	83,000	85,085	85,290	85,060
Legal debt margin	\$ 75,936	\$ 67,583	\$ 72,511	\$ 79,988	\$ 68,326	\$ 49,737	\$ 63,029	\$ 63,678	\$ 75,459	\$ 101,570
Total net debt										

applicable to										
the limit as a										
percentage of										
debt limit	29.25%	38.14%	38.90%	33.99%	47.40%	63.16%	56.84%	57.20%	53.06%	45.58%

Total Assessed Valuation \$3,732,590,506 Debt Limit - 5% of Total Assessed Valuation 186,629,525 Less: Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin \$101,569,525

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006

Note: Under Iowa code, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 5 percent of total assessed property value.

GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT ANNUAL MATURITY SCHEDULE

Payments

Funding Source(s)

														i	
Fiscal <u>Year</u>		<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u>			<u>Total</u>		Property Tax <u>Revenue</u>		Sewer Revenue		Parking <u>Revenue</u>	Water <u>Revenue</u>		Principal Outstanding	
2006	\$	7,495,000	\$	3,784,228	\$	11,279,228	\$	9,202,689	\$	177,193	\$	310,900	\$	1,234,094	\$ 85,290,000
2007		8,130,000		3,748,852		11,878,852		9,810,710		172,984		318,525		1,222,281	85,060,000
2008		7,140,000		3,460,830		10,600,830		9,131,159		-		-		800,318	76,930,000
2009		7,325,000		3,172,143		10,497,143		9,047,624		-		-		777,766	69,790,000
2010		7,470,000		2,873,293		10,343,293		8,901,484		-		-		773,256	62,465,000
2011		7,730,000		2,560,860		10,290,860		8,853,621		-		-		767,287	54,995,000
2012		8,010,000		2,232,118		10,242,118		8,812,626		-		-		760,514	47,265,000
2013		6,995,000		1,884,293		8,879,293		7,460,201		-		-		752,689	39,255,000
2014		6,670,000		1,572,043		8,242,043		6,849,701		-		-		724,227	32,260,000
2015		6,330,000		1,267,605		7,597,605		6,214,265		-		-		714,462	25,590,000
2016		5,300,000		971,250		6,271,250		5,267,560		-		-		330,000	19,260,000
2017		3,560,000		712,418		4,272,418		3,280,328		-		-		315,000	13,960,000
2018		3,405,000		531,046		3,936,046		3,257,113		-		-		-	10,400,000
2019		1,805,000		356,434		2,161,434		1,482,000		-		-		-	6,995,000
2020		1,900,000		266,184		2,166,184		1,483,000		-		-		-	5,190,000
2021		2,005,000		170,490		2,175,490		1,485,750		-		-		-	3,290,000
2022		625,000		68,765		693,765		-		-		-		-	1,285,000
2023		660,000		35,640		695,640		-		-		-		-	660,000
Total	\$	92,555,000	\$	29,668,488	\$	122,223,488	\$	100,539,830	\$	350,176	\$	629,425	\$	9,171,893	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year					Not	Revenue			Δn	nual Deb	at Sa	ervice ²	
Ended						ilable for			All	nuai Deb	. 50	LI VICC	Ratio of
June 30	<u>R</u>	<u>evenue</u>	Exp	enses1		t Service	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	<u>Iı</u>	<u>iterest</u>	-	<u> Total</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
						Parking R		3					
						Parking K	even	ue					
1997	\$	3,338	\$	1,950	\$	1,388	\$	330	\$	218	\$	548	2.53
1998		3,822		1,770		2,052		390		195		585	3.51
1999		3,653		1,713		1,940		415		168		583	3.33
2000		3,716		1,861		1,855		455		139		594	3.12
2001		4,309		2,176		2,133		485		836		1,321	1.61
2002		4,272		1,960		2,312		510		746		1,256	1.84
2003		4,198		1,953		2,245		375		715		1,090	2.06
2004		4,164		2,319		1,845		395		687		1,082	1.71
2005		4,360		2,377		1,983		305		663		968	2.05
2006		4,161		2,380		1,781		320		645		965	1.85
					Waste	water Treat	men	t Revenue	ı				
1997	\$	11,040	\$	2,739	\$	8,301	\$	1,295	\$	2,923	\$	4,218	1.97
1998	Ψ	11,066	Ψ	2,809	Ψ	8,257	Ψ	1,490	Ψ	3,382	Ψ	4,872	1.69
1999		11,362		2,987		8,375		2,065		3,519		5,584	1.50
2000		11,872		3,259		8,613		2,160		3,691		5,851	1.47
2001		12,824		3,248		9,576		2,505		3,589		6,094	1.57
2002		12,501		3,389		9,112		3,005		4,236		7,241	1.26
2002		13,000		4,463		8,537		3,060		4,385		7,241	1.15
2003		12,947		4,523		8,424		3,280		3,672		6,952	1.21
2005		12,600		4,432		8,168		3,630		3,537		7,167	1.14
2006		12,798		4,260		8,538		3,815		3,390		7,205	1.19
								5					
						Water Re	venu	ie"					
1999	\$	8,571	\$	3,295	\$	5,276	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	0.00
2000		9,626		3,384		6,242		-		299		299	20.88
2001		10,629		3,410		7,219		140		445		585	12.34
2002		10,179		3,428		6,751		705		1,175		1,880	3.59
2003		10,241		4,361		5,880		500		1,088		1,588	3.70
2004		10,627		4,360		6,267		925		1,427		2,352	2.66
2005		9,287		4,783		4,504		845		1,340		2,185	2.06
2006		9,918		5,722		4,196		880		1,305		2,185	1.92

Note:

¹Excludes depreciation and interest.

²Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only.

³Parking Revenue bonds ratio of "Net Revenue Available for Debt Service" to "Total Annual Debt Service" is required to be at least 1.25.

⁴Wastewater Treatment Revenue bonds ratio of "Net Revenue Available for Debt Service" to "Total Annual Debt Service" is required to be at least 1.10.

⁵Water Revenue bonds ratio of "Net Revenue Available for Debt Service" to "Total Annual Debt Service" is required to be at least 1.10.

REVENUE DEBT ANNUAL MATURITY SCHEDULE

	Payments						Funding Source(s)						
Fiscal								Sewer		Parking		Water	Principal
Year		Principal		Interest		Total		Revenue		Revenue		Revenue	Outstanding
2006	\$	5,015,000	\$	5,340,208	\$	10,355,208	\$	7,204,789	\$	965,104	\$	2,185,315	\$ 110,930,000
2007	·	5,155,000	·	5,128,064	·	10,283,064		7,138,686	,	960,863	·	2,183,515	105,915,000
2008		5,415,000		4,905,893		10,320,893		7,176,052		960,594		2,184,246	100,760,000
2009		5,625,000		4,668,765		10,293,765		7,156,949		954,298		2,182,519	95,345,000
2010		5,875,000		4,413,216		10,288,216		7,153,083		951,973		2,183,160	89,720,000
2011		6,195,000		4,139,939		10,334,939		7,205,109		948,473		2,181,358	83,845,000
2012		6,505,000		3,851,052		10,356,052		7,229,772		943,798		2,182,483	77,650,000
2013		6,640,000		3,548,294		10,188,294		7,059,487		942,801		2,186,007	71,145,000
2014		4,925,000		3,270,461		8,195,461		5,068,768		940,335		2,186,359	64,505,000
2015		5,185,000		3,016,299		8,201,299		5,076,744		936,401		2,188,155	59,580,000
2016		5,470,000		2,746,786		8,216,786		5,094,890		935,851		2,186,045	54,395,000
2017		5,745,000		2,460,824		8,205,824		5,087,734		933,468		2,184,623	48,925,000
2018		6,065,000		2,156,526		8,221,526		5,098,893		934,100		2,188,534	43,180,000
2019		6,365,000		1,833,193		8,198,193		5,082,558		927,815		2,187,820	37,115,000
2020		6,735,000		1,490,209		8,225,209		5,108,288		929,465		2,187,456	30,750,000
2021		6,560,000		1,138,071		7,698,071		4,582,400		928,400		2,187,271	24,015,000
2022		5,310,000		816,768		6,126,768		3,015,544		924,600		2,186,624	17,455,000
2023		4,215,000		556,432		4,771,432		1,662,975		923,250		2,185,207	12,145,000
2024		3,000,000		358,381		3,358,381		866,238		924,050		1,568,094	7,930,000
2025		3,175,000		186,200		3,361,200		868,475		921,850		1,570,875	4,930,000
2026		1,755,000		48,831		1,803,831		868,238		-		935,594	1,755,000
Total	\$	110,930,000	\$	56,074,413	\$	167,004,413	\$	104,805,669	\$	18,787,486	\$	43,411,258	

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Calendar Years

Per Capita												
Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	Personal Income ¹	Personal <u>Income¹</u>	School Enrollment ²	Unemployment <u>Rate³</u>	Retail <u>Sales⁵</u>						
1997	60,148 \$	3,077,644	\$ 24,224	11,294	2.8	\$ 677,700,000						
1998	60,148	3,289,600	25,635	11,430	2.4	701,135,582						
1999	60,148	3,486,324	26,737	11,479	2.5	733,403,377						
2000	60,148	3,815,300	28,907	11,543	2.0	756,054,331						
2001	62,220	3,934,971	29,388	11,603	2.4	780,591,426						
2002	62,220	4,079,158	30,224	11,697	3.2	766,901,892						
2003	62,380	4,197,024	30,831	11,700	3.5	776,693,440						
2004	62,380	4,502,187	32,729	11,885	4.0	854,156,442						
2005 ⁶	62,380	4,739,329	34,174	11,866	2.9	878,009,171						
2006 ⁶	62,887	4,988,962	35,615	11,988	2.4	901,481,066						

Sources and Notes:

Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income based on metropolitan Iowa City / Coralville and based on figures from Bureau of E ²Iowa City Community School District and local private schools

³Iowa Workforce Development Center ⁴Percent of Population completing 12 years of formal schooling or more.

⁵Iowa Retail Sales & Use Report, Iowa Department of Revenue and Finance. Fiscal year ending March 31.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

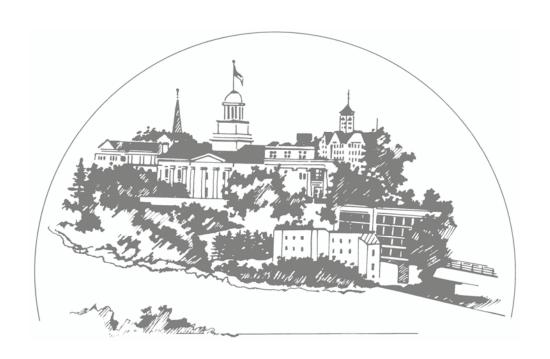
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	19	997	2006	
Employers	Employees	Rank	Employees	<u>Rank</u>
University of Iowa	22,555	1	23,975	1
ACT Inc. (formerly American College Testing Program)	800	7	1,340	2
Mercy Hospital	1,100	4	1,250	3
Veterans Administration Medical Center	1,300	2	1,232	4
Iowa City Community School District	1,225	3	1,100	5
NCS Pearson	857	5	1,053	6
Lear Corporation	-	-	850	7
Hy-Vee	-	-	775	8
City of Iowa City	582	9	625	9
Gillette Canada (Oral B Laboratories)	435	10	500	10
United Technologies Automotive	810	6	-	_
Proctor & Gamble	602	8	-	_

Sources:

Iowa Workforce Development & Iowa City Area Chamber of Commerce (including full and part-time employees).

Note:



FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	100=	1000	1000	•060	•00:	••••
	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>
Public Safety						
Police	82.5	88.25	90.75	96.25	96.25	97.25
Fire	52	52	52	52	52	58
Animal Shelter	5	5	5.44	5.5	5.5	5.5
Inspection Services	13	14.13	14.13	14.13	14.13	14.13
Public Works						
Public Works Admin	2	2	2	2	3	2
Engineering	9.5	11	11	10.6	11.6	13.6
Traffic Engineering	7	3.75	3.75	4.15	4.15	4.15
Streets	22.25	23	23	23.5	23.5	23.5
Culture and Recreation						
Parks and Rec Admin	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation	13	12.67	13.17	14.67	15.17	15.17
Parks	11	11.5	12	13	13	13
Forestry	3	3	3	3	3	3
Cemetery	3	3	3	3	3	3
CBD Maintenance	2	2.5	3	3	3	3
Library	37.25	38	38	40.25	40.25	41.25
Senior Center	5.5	5.5	5.5	6	6	6
Community and Economic Developmen	8.95	8.45	8.45	8.55	8.55	9.05
General Government						
City Council	7	7	7	7	7	7
City Manager	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Clerk	4.5	4.5	4.5	5	4.5	4.5
City Attorney	6	6	6	6	6	6.6
Personnel	3	3	4	4	4	4
Finance	28.32	28.22	28.62	27.71	27.36	28.61
Government Buildings	3.75	4.08	4.08	4.08	4.97	4.96
Energy Conservation	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Human Rights	1.5	2	2	2	2	2
Transit	48.5	49.5	48.75	48.25	48.25	48.5
Special Revenue						
Employee Benefits	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.45	0.45	0.4
CIP / Roads				7	6	7
Community Development	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75
JCCOG	4.8	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.1
Library Development	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Internal Service Funds						
Information Technology	5.5	5.5	5.5	7.95	7.5	7.5
Equipment	10.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	10.25
Central Services	1.6	1.7	1.7	2.1	2.25	0.75
Risk Management	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.56	1.46	1.26
Business-Type Activities						
Parking	27.5	27.5	30.5	30.5	37	37
Wastewater Treatment	25	28.3	30.3	25.3	25.3	26.3
Water	26.75	25.95	25.95	26.2	26.2	28.2
Sanitation	31	31	31	31.85	32.35	32.35
Airport	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	2	2
Cable television	3.6	4.6	4.75	5.25	5.25	5.25
Stormwater						
Housing Authority	12.75	10.75	11.75	10.75	12.5	12.5
Total	544.24	553.87	565.11	581.65	591.79	606.38

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
97.25	97.25	94.25	94.25
58	58	56	57
6	6	6	6
14.13	14.13	13.88	14.88
2	2	2	2
13.6	13.6	11.6	11.6
5.65	5.65	5.65	4.15
22	22	22	23.5
2	2	2	2
2 15 17	2 15.17	2 15 17	15.17
15.17		15.17	15.17
13	13	12	13
3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3 3
3	3	3	
41.25	43.25	42.63	42.63
5.81 8.35	5.81 9.45	6.31 8.45	6.31
8.33	9.43	8.43	8.45
7	7	7	7
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
4	4	4	4
28.61	28.61	26.61	26.75
4.96	4.96	4.96	4.96
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
48.5	48.5	50.5	50.5
0.34	0.34	0.34	0.39
7	7	3	2
5.45	5.35	4.35	4.35
6.1	6.1	6.1	6.6
1.5	1.5	0.8	1
7.5	7.5	8	11.75
11.25	11.26	11.25	11.26
0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
1.33	1.33	1.32	1.38
31.5	31.5	32.75	32.75
26.3	27.3	27.3	25.5
30.7	31.7	31.7	32.5
32.35	32.35	34.35	33.85
2	2	2	1.6
6.19	6.19	6.19	6.19
			0.5
12.5	12.5	12.75	13.25
605.64	610.65	599.56	605.37

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	l Year				
	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Public Safety										
Police ¹										
Physical arrests	7175	7481	7835	7835	7339	8929	8016	7288	7528	6487
Traffic Violations	8021	7107	5355	8061	8047	7639	7428	8515	7428	7633
Fire ²										
Number of calls answered	3,215	3,679	3,772	3,768	3,570	3,519	3,546	3,518	3,596	3,462
Inspections conducted	1,962	1,952	1,081	926	1,079	989	936	975	1,083	1,146
Parking										
Parking Violations ³	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	186,674	155,338	145,033	139,338
Wastewater Treatment										
Daily average treatment in gallons	4,720,000	5,870,000	5,340,000	4,500,000	5,710,000	5,110,000	4,530,000	4,960,000	4,870,000	4,580,000
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000	40,000,000
Water										
Daily average consumption in gallons	6,100,000	6,050,000	6,121,000	5,890,000	5,717,000	6,000,000	6,034,000	5,742,000	5,448,500	5,680,600
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	10,500,000	10,500,000	10,500,000	10,500,000	10,500,000	10,500,000	16,700,000	16,700,000	16,700,000	16,700,000
Sanitation										
Number of Customers	13,274	13,124	13,274	13,457	13,555	13,668	13,806	13,983	14,158	14,371
Tons	7,460	7,656	7,873	7,869	7,905	8,138	8,062	8,716	8,667	8,463
Landfill										
Tonnage	79,657	91,626	81,707	84,704	97,208	103,404	103,585	108,155	113,356	111,124

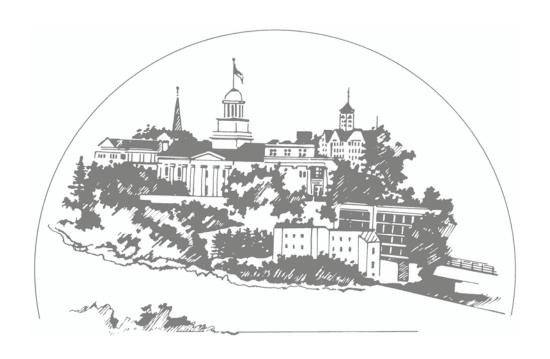
Sources: Various city divisions.

Notes:

 $^{^{1}}$ Numbers are based on a calendar year and 2006 figures are compiled through 11/30/06.

² Numbers are based on a calendar year and 2006 figures are compiled through 12/6/06.

³ Information on the number of parking violations not available for years prior to FY03.



CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	<u>1997</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire apparatus	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Public Works										
Streets										
Miles	240	242	244	246	249	251	256	259	262	262
Street Lights	2570	2641	2682	2717	2863	2920	2919	3352	3357	3357
Culture and Recreation										
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cemetery	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Acreage	37	37	37	37	40	40	40	40	40	40
Parks	44	44	46	50	50	50	50	61	61	61
Acreage	984	984	1,008	1,322	1,322	1,322	1,322	1,400	1,400	1,400
Recreation										
Recreation center	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming pools	3	3	3	2 3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Ball diamonds	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
Tennis courts	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Soccer fields	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
										(continued)

118

CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION (continued)

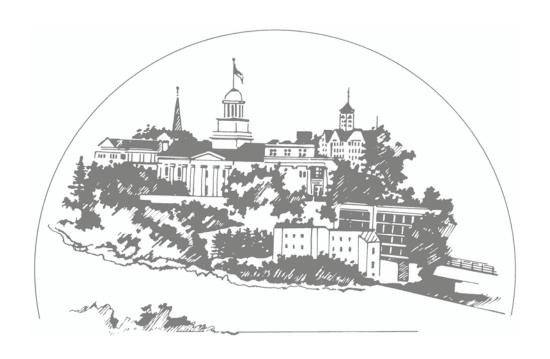
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Parking										
	Facilities	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5
	Spaces	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	2,537	2,537	2,537	2,537	2,537	3,137
	Wastewater Treatment										
	Miles of sanitary sewer	235	238	240	260	263	266	269	274	277	280
	Miles of storm sewer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	91	94	98	102	105	110
	Number of treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Number of service connectors	19,184	19,808	20,195	20,635	21,061	21,785	22,514	23,077	23,558	24,113
	Water										
	Miles of water mains	233	236	239	244	252	260	265	269	272	277
	Number of active accounts	19,184	19,808	20,195	20,635	21,061	21,785	22,514	23,077	23,558	24,113
	Number of city owned fire hydrants	1,747	1,827	1,935	2,029	2,109	2,182	2,243	2,340	2,448	2,474
	Sanitation										
110	Landfills	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
_	Acreage	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200

Sources: Various city divisions.

Notes:

¹ Number of miles of storm sewer not tracked in prior years.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT

OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Iowa City, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of noncompliance or other matters that is described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City of Iowa City, Iowa. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

121

PEOPLE. PRINCIPLES. POSSIBILITIES.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated November 16, 2006.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Iowa City, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Dubuque, Iowa

November 16, 2006

sde Sailly LLP



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Iowa City, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Iowa City, Iowa, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Iowa City, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dubuque, Iowa

November 16, 2006

God Sailly LLP

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures	
Direct:				
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Community Development Block Grants/				
Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-03-MC-19-0009	\$ 122,000	
Community Development Block Grants/			, ,,,,,,,	
Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-04-MC-19-0009	752,474	
Community Development Block Grants/			752,111	
Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-05-MC-19-0009	230,497	
			1,104,971	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-02-MC-19-0205	18,783	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-03-MC-19-0205	332,133	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-04-MC-19-0205	51,907	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-05-MC-19-0205	485,721	
			888,544	
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	IA022-3060	165,911	
Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.870	IA022REF010A003	65,119	
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	KC9033	6,093,323	
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	IA05P02250203	33,553	
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	IA05P02250105	77, 63 0	
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	IA05P02250103	99,013	
Public Housing Capital Fund	14.872	IA05P02250103	173,244	
5 1	11.07.2	111031 02230104	383,440	
Department of Justice:			363,440	
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	2003-LB-BX-0934	44,748	
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	2004-LB-BX-0839	12,927	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2010 / _	2001 DD DA 003)	57,675	
			37,073	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	BVP010119380	3,025	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance				
Grant Program	16.738	2005-DJ-BX-0817	04 201	
Giant Hogiani	10.756	2003-DJ-BX-081/	94,201	
Department of Transportation:				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0047-10	947,448	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0047-11	95,825	
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0047-11	93, 82 3 8,127	
	_000	2 17-00T/-13	1,051,400	
i .		-	(continued)	
			(continued)	

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Grantor/Program	CFDA Numb	Agency or Pass-through er Number	Program Expenditures	
Direct: (continued)				
Department of Transporation: (continued)				
Federal Transit – Formula Grants	20.507	IA-90-X289	\$ 169,463	
Federal Transit – Formula Grants	20.507	IA-90-X258	4,309	
Federal Transit – Formula Grants	20.507	IA-90-X309	473,009	
Federal Emergency Management Agency:			646,781	
Fire Prevention Grants	83.554	EMW-2003-FP-01858	21,781	
Department of Homeland Security:				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2004-FG-14334	67,599	
KDHAP Rental Assistance and				
Administrative Expenditures	97.NA	IA022KC9033	6,156	
Total direct			10,649,926	
Indirect:				
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Iowa Department of Economic Development:				
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	05-ES-004	87,974	
Department of Justice:				
Iowa Department of Justice:				
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	VW-06-45	38,000	
Governor's Office of Drug Control Policy: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance				
Grant Program	16.738	05JAG-A24	21,189	
Department of Transportation: Iowa Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-1-5(69)2C-52	62,146	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-3715(625)70-52	1,251,040	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-3715(629)70-52	94,054	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-3715(627)70-52	137,045	
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BROS-3715(626)8J-52	341,337	
			1,885,622	
Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.500	IA-03-0104-371-05	91,931	
Federal Transit – Capital Investment Grants	20.500	IA-03-0103-371-04	146,910	
			238,841	
Transit Planning and Research	20.514	IA-26-0003-026-06	300	
			(continued)	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures	
Indirect: (continued)				
Department of Transportation: (continued)				
Iowa Department of Transportation and				
Johnson County Council of Governments:				
State Planning and Research	20.515	06MPO-JCCOG	\$ 133,055	
Iowa Department of Public Safety:				
Governor's Traffic Safety Bureau:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 05-04, Task 32	3,208	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	PAP 06-02, Task 13	14,667	
			17,875	
Safety Incentives to Prevent Operation of				
Motor Vehicles by Intoxicated Persons	20.605	PAP 05-163, Task 34	9,489	
Safety Incentives to Prevent Operation of				
Motor Vehicles by Intoxicated Persons	20.605	PAP 06-163, Task 29	8,150	
			17,639	
Total indirect			2,440,495	
Total			\$ 13,090,421	

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Iowa City, Iowa, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2. SUBRECIPIENTS

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the City of Iowa City, Iowa, provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal <u>CFDA Number</u>	Amount Provided to Subrecipients		
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$	701,113	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231		83,575	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		758,015	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) No material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were noted.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were noted.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) The major programs were:
 - CFDA 14.239 HOME Investment Partnerships Program
 - CFDA 20.106 Airport Improvement Program
 - CFDA 20.205 Highway Planning and Construction
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$387,629.
- (i) The City of Iowa City, Iowa, qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-06 <u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements at June 30, 2006, did not exceed the amount budgeted. However, Community and Economic Development expenditures exceeded budget amounts before the first budget amendment. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states in part that public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

- II-B-06 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that we believe may fail to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- II-C-06 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

CITY OF IOWA CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

II-D-06 <u>Business Transactions</u> – Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

	Name, Title, and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount	
	Dee Vanderhoef, City Council Member, owner of Iowa Book and Supply	Supplies	\$	1,661
	The above transaction does not appear to rentered into through competitive bidding is and the remainder is less than \$1,500 in a	n accordance with Chapter 362.5(4) of		
П-Е-06	Bond Coverage – Surety bond coverage statutory provisions. The amount of covera adequate for current operations.			
II-F-06	Council Minutes – No transactions were f Council minutes but were not.	ound that we believe should have be	en appro	ved in the
II-G-06	<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – No instance provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the noted.	•		
II-H-06	Revenue Bonds – We noted no instance revenue bond resolutions.	s of noncompliance with the provis	sions of t	the City's